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THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—August 14.

Sun Rises	5.17 A M
Sun Sets	6.51 P M
Day's Length	13 h 34 m
High Water at Southport	8.43 P M
High Water at Wilmington	10.23 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 14.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 77°; 8 p. m., 80°; maximum, 88°; minimum, 73°; mean, 80°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 2.40.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p.m. August 13th, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

A well developed storm is central over Minnesota and it is causing cloudiness over all Northwest sections. The barometer is high over the Gulf and Atlantic coast States. Fair weather prevails generally over the East, except over Florida, where heavy thunder showers are reported. Light showers fell during the day along the Gulf and over the central western valleys. The temperature has remained nearly stationary over all sections. Heavy rainfall reported from Jacksonville, Fla., 1.64 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair; southeast to south winds.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Fair weather prevailed generally over all districts, the only exception being light local showers along the west Gulf coast.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 13.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 4.8 feet.

OUTLINES.

No general order has been issued by the Spanish government for the release of tobacco held in Cuba for export to the United States. —— Richard L. Miller, of Lynchburg, Va., U. S. consul at Hull, Eng., has mysteriously disappeared from the hotel where he was staying in Washington, D. C. —— The Count of Turin has challenged Prince Henry of Orleans to fight a duel. —— The dry goods market shows a steady improvement in all lines. —— Bradstreet reports widespread revival in demand for merchandise and other products. —— It is believed that the peace preliminaries between Turkey and the Powers will be signed to-day. —— The Sultan of Morocco has conceded the demands of the United States relative to the rights of American citizens in Morocco. —— The Italian police claim to have positive evidence of an international Anarchist plot; several arrests have been made at Milan. —— It is believed that the Ameer of Afghanistan is conniving at if not actively assisting the tribal rising in British India. —— In a fight between rival partisans of the Order of Woodmen of America, at Fulton, Ill., a number of men were injured, some of them seriously. —— Injunctions by the court have put a stop to the marching by striking miners in the Pittsburg district. —— Afghan intrigues in India are seriously regarded in London; the Ameer it is intimated is ready to undertake a religious war against the British in India. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1 and closed offered at 1 per cent; cotton steady—middling 8c; flour opened steady but turned weaker, owing to the decline in wheat—winter straights $4 25 @4.45; wheat—spot weak; No. 2 red 92c afloat; corn—spot easy; No. 2 33⅜c at elevator and 33¾c afloat; rosin quiet; strained common to good $1.50@1.55; spirits turpentine quiet at 28@28½c.

Chicago knocks Klondike out. A lot of fellows formed a wheat syndicate there and made $600,000 and never had a hatful of wheat.

Mr. Rockfeller gives very liberally to universities, churches, missions, etc., but when it comes to paying taxes that souers on him.

Secratary Sherman says papers were edited with a good deal more care fifty years ago than they are now. And they didn't have nearly as many pictures in, either.

It is said that Secretary Sherman's "indiscretions of speech" are causing much perplexity in administration circles. They would like to close him up, but don't know how to begin the gagging process.

With a 100 foot claim, which is the amount allowed by Canadian regulations in Klondike, the digger will have to strike it fat to make even a little pile after paying entrance fees, assessments, royalties, etc.

The last seen of the airship it was scooting over Lake Waugum, in Connecticut, at railroad speed. Two fishermen saw it. They were in the habit of telling fish stories, but this was the first venture they made on airships.

The rumor is again revived for about the 316th time that Associate Justice Field, of the United States Supreme Court, "contemplates an early retirement." Early in the next century, perhaps, if he retains his breath that long.

Secretary Sherman is said to have made some cold blooded remarks in commenting upon the assassination of Canovas. Mr. Sherman is a very cold-blooded gentleman, so cold-blooded that the perspiration drops from him like little hailstones.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 125. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,357

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The city of Philadelphia is to have a new town clock and the question is shall the clock have figures on the faces or not. Some of the papers contend that the average denizen of that burg has intelligence enough to tell the time of day without looking at the figures on the clock. Well, they can get near enough to it to answer all practical purposes in Philadelphia, which never crowds the minutes.

Americans going to Klondike complain of the high duties exacted by the Canadian customs officers on the stuff they carry with them. The Canadians complain about the high duties which American customs officers exact from them on stuff they bring into this country. So the growling seems to be reciprocal.

That Georgia watermelon which was sent to President McKinley was a pretty fair specimen of what Georgia can do in the melon line, but the Fitzgerald colony comes in with an 81 pounder, which goes the McKinley melon four or five pounds better, and it was sent to "Wm. J. Bryan, the next President of the United States."

The average duties on woollen goods under the McKinley tariff were 50 6 per cent. Under the Dingley tariff they are 54.66 per cent. Will any honest man assert that the woollen manufacturers need more protection now than they did seven years ago?

If this Klondike rush continues there will, probably be a hegira of Massachusetts spinsters. A woman who arrived there a short while ago had fifty offers of marriage within a week, and refused to capitulate until she struck a fellow with a $50,000 income.

A Boston paper, appropos of the Treasury ruling as to calf skins, wants to know if a calf is cattle why isn't an egg "poultry." If the editor took the rounds of the restaurants he might discover that an egg is sometimes more poultry than egg.

Some of the papers in Georgia are exercised to account for those 6,540 acres of land which have disappeared from Fulton county. They were on the tax lists last year, but can't be found this year. Perhaps they were swallowed by Atlanta.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MERCER & EVANS—The kids.
R. W. HICKS—Cream cheese, etc.
EXCURSION—Carolina Bicycle Club.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Col. S. B. Taylor, of Catherine Lake, is in the city.

— Mr. J. D. Black, of Maxton, was here yesterday.

— Mrs. A. S. Holden is sojourning at Carolina Beach.

— Prof. M. C. S. Noble came in from Chapel Hill yesterday.

— Mr. L. B. Rogers returned yesterday from a business trip in South Carolina.

— Messrs. F. G. Dosher and B. F. Newton, of Southport, were in the city yesterday.

— Prof. C. D. Koonce, of Gibson's Station, was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

—Miss Lottie Parker, of Henderson, who has been in the city visiting friends returned home last night.

— Miss Nanie Shaver, of Salisbury, who has been in the city visiting friends and relatives, has returned home.

— Mr. Geo. O. Gaylord, of the Wilmington Racket Store, has returned after a visit to his former home in Beaufort county.

Delightful Outing.

The STAR learns of a delightful trip down the Cape Fear Thursday afternoon in the *Little Ed*. It was given by Mr. James S. Williams complimentary to Miss Annie M. Sholar, of Savannah, Ga.

The party, which consisted of several young ladies and gentlemen, left here at 5 30 o'clock, went as far as Fort Anderson, and returned to the city by moonlight, arriving at 10 o'clock.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— They call Champ Davis Champion Davis now.

— A smart boy is wanted at the STAR office to run job presses.

— See in the commercial columns weekly statement of cotton and naval stores.

— The hour for evening service at Fifth Street M. E. church has been changed from 8.15 to 8 o'clock.

— Four and four it was up to the end of the sixth inning, and it was close enough at the finish. But one won.

— The A. C. L. boys won the fight yesterday, but in the O. A. N. team they met a "foeman worthy of their steel."

— The graveyard rabbit's left hind-foot saved the day and the cash for the Atlantic Coast Line players yesterday.

— Rev. J. B. Harrell will fill the pulpit at the First Baptist church tomorrow. Morning service at 11 o'clock, evening service at 8 15.

— The officers and delegates of the Grand Lodge Knights of Honor came up yesterday from Carolina Beach and returned to their respective homes.

— The O. A. N's made a gallant fight yesterday, and if they could have spirited that Galloway from the A. C. L's they would have won. That Gal's a wonder.

— The STAR congratulates Mr. George L. Morton, and the North Carolina Battalion of Naval Reserves as well, on his unanimous election to the position of Commander of that fine organization.

— Yesterday afternoon at Hilton a negro man got possession of a young white boy's bicycle and refused to give it up, but was afterwards compelled to do so by Policeman Woebse, who was near by.

— The first bale of new cotton is expected to-day. Mr. A. H. Brenner will be the consignee. Two bales of new cotton came in last year on the seventh of August, just a week earlier than the first one this season.

— Both the Concord and the Lexington excursions were taken out to sea yesterday, arriving at the city in return at 5 o'clock. The Concord party left at 6 o'clock. At 11 o'clock the Lexington excursionists took their departure.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

New York, 14; Boston, 6.
Baltimore, 8; Philadelphia, 1.
Cleveland, 6; St. Louis, 5.
Chicago, 9; Cincinnati, 0.
Washington, 7; Brooklyn, 3.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Chicago at Cincinnati.
St. Louis at Cleveland
Boston at New York.
Baltimore at Philadelphia.
Louisville at Pittsburg.
Brooklyn at Washington.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Boston	64	29	.688
Baltimore	59	30	.663
Cincinnati	58	31	.651
New York	58	36	.595
Cleveland	44	43	.505
Chicago	46	50	.478
Louisville	44	53	.458
Philadelphia	43	53	.446
Pittsburg	41	51	.445
Brooklyn	38	53	.417
Washington	36	55	.395
St. Louis	26	70	.276

A scratch double in the ninth yesterday allowed Philadelphia to escape a shut out. Naps pitched great ball for Baltimore, and the Orioles recognizing that fact afforded him faultless support.

Yesterday certainly must have been Kloberdanz's day off, for two-base hits by the Giants was a frequent occurrence. "Bill" Clark's game was especially fine.

The Colts truly covered themselves with glory, while Griffith, their crack pitcher, absolutely refused to let the Reds score.

The Indians' victory yesterday was on account of their ability to bunch hits, a most essential feature.

Y. M. C. A. News.

Mr. F. P. Turner, State Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, has resigned to take a place with the Students' Volunteer movement. His headquarters will be in New York city.

Mr. W. M. Lewis, of Decatur, Ga., formerly State Secretary for both Georgia and South Carolina, but recently of South Carolina alone, was elected to succeed Mr. Turner. Mr. Lewis will be State Secretary for both North and South Carolina, spending half of his time in one State and half in the other.

New Wrinkle.

Thursday's excursionists taxed the capacity of the boarding houses no little. A good many who could get no place to sleep, had started out to spend the night sitting up in front of the Bonitz house. One finally stretched out across the floor of the office, while six others, three on a side, pillowed their heads on his body, and all slept soundly till morning.

Half Holidays.

One of our liberal hearted business men expresses his willingness, if others would do so, of observing the weekly half-holiday through the entire year, as, he says, his clerks need the rest and recreation and he would get better service from them, while they, feeling that their employers were more interested in their welfare, would be better satisfied and would take more interest in his business.

CHRISTIAN EDUCATION.

Rev. Dr. Kilgo's Lecture at Grace M. E. Church Last Evening.

Rev. Jno. C. Kilgo, D. D., President of Trinity College, and one of the champions of Christian education, greeted a large audience at 8.15 o'clock last night from the rostrum of Grace M. E. church. His hearers were in the main such as coincided with him in his views, but there were some—not very many—upon whom the artillery of the worthy Doctor's logic and the fires of his eloquence were quite useless. They held opinions altogether the reverse of his, and while they granted his eloquence they were sure that if his logic was good his premises were wrong.

The congregation sang "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name," and Rev. G. L. Finch led in prayer. The Rev. R. A. Willis introduced Dr. Kilgo as a recognized leader in the movement for Christian education.

Dr. Kilgo said that he was gratified to be able to speak to the audience upon a subject—that of "Christian Education"—which must occupy and will occupy the minds of many people until they come to a proper solution of the question involved.

Christianity is not an ordinary religion, and Christian faith is not an ordinary impulse. It is the final religion, and carries in it every issue of life. This makes it the awfullest body of truth known to men, and gives it the absolute claim upon human thought. If Christianity fails, the world is doomed.

Education should aim to elevate the human race and fit it for all the relations possible to it. On this position I think I will find universal agreement. But when it is attempted to analyze the proposition, it is apparent at once that it is not a fundamental truth. By what means is the race to be elevated? What are the possible relations of man, and how is he best fitted for them?

There are those who claim that education is all important—the primary factor in human development. It is not. There is always a doctrine of life that is more fundamental and which gives shape to all educational aims and methods. Beyond this idea no education can go, and for it will all education exist. In Sparta the State was the supreme idea; in Athens, art; in Rome, government; in America, citizenship; in Scotland, religion.

There is something of truth in the idea that education is the primary factor in human development, but it is a dangerous half truth. It fails to settle anything. If education is to elevate the race, what fundamental doctrine of the race is to determine its methods?

This is and has been the question at issue in the educational history of the centuries; it has been, and is still, a struggle between religion and human philosophies to fix this primary doctrine of life.

But to-night we are concerned about Christian education, or an education that is limited to the doctrines taught by Christ. Christian education is essentially and radically distinct. If it is not so, if there is not such a thing as Christian education, then there is no Christian church, no Christian Sunday school, no Christian Bible, and you might as well take your boy out of the Sunday school and come out the church yourself.

It is necessary to call attention to some of the false notions of Christian education. There is a class of men who have little sympathy with it, but at the same time are forced to patronize it, and it is not surprising that they should interpret it as a meaningless farce.

Christian education is not to be confounded with moral education. Morality moves on an entirely different basis. Christian education is not being educated in the neighborhood of piety or under Christian influences.

Nor must it be confounded with an occasional companionship with members of the church. Companionship with Pythagoras or Newton would never have made a mathematician of a man. The donation of a Bible on graduation day is not enough to meet the claims of Christ. There is so much of downright religious stupidity.

For how much are we indebted to Christianity? It has redeemed the home and revealed the child life. Search Shakespeare for a trace of the child and you will look in vain, but look into the Book of books for the best portraits of childhood. What a calamity if this treasury of truth and purity is snatched by the ruthless hands of the scheming politician.

Woman owes all she is to Christianity. Compare the situation of woman in Christian countries with her situation in India, China, Persia; and what was her situation in Sparta? Nine hundred and ninety-nine of the women of our land who hold college diplomas hold them from Christian schools and colleges.

The speaker had recently seen figures showing how grossly illiterate the people of North Carolina are. And so they are; but illiteracy is not the sole or the main cause of crime. A negro is never an Anarchist. It is the shrewd, well-educated man that wrecks a bank or plots against his government. Illiteracy is not the cause of crime nor education its cure.

Shall the doctrines of Christ be the fundamental aim of an education?

Every period of our history that has ruled revealed religion out of education has been deluged with infidelity and vice. The renaissance had its birth in Italy. With the revival of the story of the classics came a discount of religion and an expulsion of it from education. Italy was deluged in an infidelity and vice from which it has never recovered. In Germany the renaissance was controlled for religious ends, and out of it grew the Reformation.

Rousseau and Voltaire waged war on religious education in France until they had dethroned Christ, and enthroned reason and culture as the aim of education, and through this came the vilest influences that have ever cursed a nation. Are you ready to take Jesus Christ out of education after you owe him for everything that elevates, ennobles and purifies in education?

People talk of a Christian State. If they mean a State in which we are allowed to pray without being hung, then China is as good as America. If they mean a State whose ethics are the ethics of Christ, then bar-rooms, Sabbath trains and divorce laws dispute the profession.

Christian education is the inculcation of the doctrines of Christ as the final doctrines of life. A college that does not teach the Bible as the supremest text book does not give Christian education any more than a Sunday school that teaches Hostetter's almanac gives Christian education.

The foregoing synopsis is only a very feeble effort to show the line of thought pursued. Like all synopses, it does the speaker an injustice. Dr. Kilgo is an eloquent speaker, but the charm of his eloquence is best felt by those who sit under the sound of his voice.

There was not quite so much of the humorous in the address as one might have expected from the Doctor's well-known ability as a mirth producer, but the address was enlivened here and there with flashes of humor and drollery that were very delightful. His enunciation is perfect and while his voice is not penetrating except in highly wrought periods, it has a volume that carries it to every part of an auditorium.

He received a most cordial welcome here. The Methodists here as elsewhere in the State are very proud of him and the work he is doing for Trinity College, and very many, though not all of them; endorse his views on Christian education. And he is as fond of Methodists as they are of him. Towards the close of his remarks he paid a most glowing tribute to Methodism. "If I hadn't been well grounded in the Methodist belief," he said, "I shouldn't have married a Baptist wife."

In conversation with a STAR representative yesterday, Dr. Kilgo said that the prospects before Trinity College and particularly in the coming session, are very flattering. The principles of Christian education are getting promulgated far and wide, he says. A visit to the western part of the State revealed to him that the mountaineers are thinking about the different kinds of education, and are grasping the distinctive principles which sets Christian education apart from all other systems of training.

An alumni association of Christian college men is an organization that Dr. Kilgo would like to see effected, and believes would be of great service in working for the common end to which all the colleges are looking. Graduates of Trinity, Wake Forest, Davidson, and other Christian colleges could through such an organization join their efforts.

Dr. Kilgo will leave on the 9.35 train over the W. & W. road this morning. He goes to Beaufort, where he will preach the dedication sermon at a new church there.

EXCURSION TO OCEAN VIEW.

Zeb Vance Division K. of P. and the Second Regiment Band.

The excursion of Zeb Vance Division No. 1, Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias, and the Second Regiment Band to Wrightsville Beach yesterday was in every respect a success, and artistically a triumph. Two of the afternoon trains on the Seacoast road were run under the auspices of these two organizations, and carried to the beach large crowds of people.

The members of Zeb Vance Division met at Castle Hall yesterday afternoon at 4.30 o'clock, in full uniform, and were escorted thence by the band to the Seacoast depot, where they embarked on the 5 o'clock train for Wrightsville beach. Zeb Vance Division was in charge of Capt. W. F. Robertson and the band under the direction of President Jas. W. Monroe. During the early part of the evening the band rendered one of their delightful concerts, embracing the following well known pieces, viz: "Belle of the Village" (overture); "Black America" (quick step); "Coachman" (polka); "Visions of the Past" (waltz); Gilmore's triumphal march, "Merina" (waltz); "Southern Plantation Song" (selected medley). One of the most enjoyable numbers was the cornet duet, "Short and Sweet," by Prof. S. A. Schloss and Prof. Jas. E. Willson.

The Committee of Arrangements, Messrs. Jas. E. Willson, Jas. W. Monroe and W. F. Robertson, certainly deserves credit for the manner in which the large crowd was handled, and the pleasant time had by all.

Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley.

It was announced in the STAR recently that in the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway case the New York bondholders had given notice of an appeal from the decision of Judge Simonton ordering that the road be sold as a whole. The application for an appeal has been granted, as is shown by an order received here from Judge Simonton, yesterday, by Clerk Shaw, of the United States Circuit Court. The appeal will be heard by the Circuit Court of Appeals, at Richmond, at the November term.

Merchants' Excursions Again.

If the Chamber of Commerce wishes to do something of practical value let it take up the question of merchants' excursions, as suggested several times in the STAR. Many thousands of dollars that ought to be spent in Wilmington are swelling the bank accounts of business men in Norfolk, Richmond, Baltimore, New York and other cities both North and South of us. Cannot Wilmington secure as good terms from our railroads as are accorded others? At all events, it will not cost much to inquire.

— It is learned that a business school will be opened here this Fall under the management of Messrs. Rew and Hockly, of Norfolk.

BASE BALL AT HILTON.

An Exciting Game Between the A. C. L. and O. A. N. Teams—Score Nine to Eight in Favor of the Atlantic Coast Line Boys.

The battle is o'er and a victory gained. One side acknowledges defeat, and the other revels in the thought of victory. It was the Atlantic Coast Line and the O. A. N. ball teams that met, and with nine men pitted against nine battled as only the American youth can, until the end, when the former club manly and proudly bowed in submission before the nine of the latter, upon which victory had seen fit to cast her lot.

It was a hotly contested nine innings, and one that kept the "fans" on the verge of insanity all during the game. How the small boy did "root," and what a voice he has when propelled by his entire lung power and then sent forth on its journey of intended destruction with a Yellow Kid vernacular twist of the tongue—completely unnerving the æsthetic youth and his Summer girl, and putting the prosaic old gentleman into a series of spasmodic fussy moods. The ladies, too, the representation of both sides being a. p., cheered the boys and gayly waved the red and blue or the purple and orange. Another conspicuous figure was the dead-game sport, with his stereotype expression "may the best club win," and yet he calmly sits and in a patriotic manner views things philosophically.

AS SEEN FROM THE GRAND STAND.

Promptly at 4.30 o'clock Umpire Fred Pearsall shouts "play ball," and the Coast Line boys take the field, leaving, the O. A. N. crew in, to have a try at scoring. Bagg, the invincible, is strutting around in the box, coolly awaiting the signal to commence to work his puzzles, while Oldham is in his usual place, bedecked with all the instruments of war. Sweeney, the first man up, goes out, likewise Zellers and Jackson, but Tate, after making a two-bag hit scores.

The Coast Line boys now come in and the O. A. N. take their places. Zellers, he of the 95 96 fame, grabs Oldham's toys and gently waltzes behind the pan, to await those deadly balls thrown by Johnnie Tate, the cool 'un. Schutte, Oldham and Galloway retire the side, while Stevenson, Bellamy and Myers do likewise for the opposing team, but Latta, Bagg and Motte fare no better. Sinclair scores in the third inning for the Coast Line, and Zellers, of the O. A. N., tallies in the fourth. In the fifth Taylor tallies for the Coast Line, and Orrell and Moore for the O. A. N. Things now look pretty gloomy for the Coast Line boys, but Oldham in the sixth manages to reach first, and then Galloway, with a determined look, walks calmly up to the pan and makes a long drive over left-field feace, thereby making the score even.

The O. A. N. failed to score in the seventh, and upon taking the field sends Sweeney to the box to relieve Tate. On Sweeney, after two men have been put out, Schulken, Schutte and Oldham gain and cover first, second and third base, respectively. Galloway strolls gently up to the plate and the most critical moment during the entire game arrives, as the hitting power of this "Sockalexis Jennings" is well known. Once, twice, Sweeney shoots the ball over the plate and Galloway fans at wind, and the supporters of the O. A. N. wish deep down in their hearts that this might be a repetition of the story told in DeWolf Hopper's famous recitation, "Casey at the Bat." But for the third time Sweeney shoots the ball, and there follows a crash, and the ball goes on its merciless journey far out in left field; actually hitting the fence in its anxiety to go over. Two men score on the hit, and as a mighty roar goes up from the grand stand the O. A. N. team goes wild and permits Oldham and Galloway to cross the pan on errors.

In the eighth, the O. A. N.'s recover and then as the Coast Line boys go to pieces score three runs, Jackson, Stevenson and Bellamy. The O. A. N.'s again score in the ninth and the score is once more even. But in this same inning costly errors permit Latta to score, and the story is told. Score, 9 to 8 in favor of Coast Line.

SUMMARY OF THE GAME.

O. A. N.—Zellers, c; Tate and Sweeney, p; Orrell (captain), 1st b; Moore, 2nd b; Jackson, 3rd b; Sweeney and Tate, s s; Stevenson, l f; Bellamy, c f; Myers, r f. Coast Line—Oldham, c; Bagg, p; Sinclair, 1st b; Galloway, 2nd b; Schutte, 3rd b; Schulken, s s; Motte, l f; Taylor (captain), c f; Latta, r f.

Struck out by Bagg, six; by Tate, four by Sweeney, one. Hits off Bagg, nine singles, and one double by Tate and one double by Zellers; off Tate, four singles and one home run by Galloway; off Sweeney, one single, and one double by Galloway and one double by Sinclair. Base on balls, Bagg two, Tate two and Sweeney two. Hit by Sweeney, two—Schutte and Latta. Errors by Coast Line, eight; by O. A. N., six. Earned runs, Coast Line three; O. A. N., two. Passed balls, Oldham three. Thrown out at third, three by Oldham. Double plays, Schulken, assisted by Galloway and Sinclair; Moore, assisted by Orrell.

The striking features of the game were the usual fine work of Galloway, the errorless first base play of Sinclair, and the battery work of Oldham and Bagg for the Coast Line; Zellers' catching, Tate's hitting; Jackson's strong third bag playing, and Sweeney's snappy short stop portrayal for the O. A. N's.

AS OTHERS SAW.

"Rusie" Bagg is having charts printed giving the full particulars, with drawings, how to solve his pitching puzzles. He has already received several orders for copies.

Tate was to the bat five times during the game, and made four hits. Well, Johnnie should do better, but then he couldn't have done much better.

Scotchy Sinclair gives forth the statement that he will hereafter give vocal lessons to every man who reaches first. His first selection will be "He never cares to wander," etc., which will impose upon the minds of the itinerant visitor at first that it is dangerous to wander too far off that bag, when Bagg is looking, and he generally is.

Zellers suffers from ball kleptomania, as he keeps on stealing bases.

Manager Davis yesterday gave an exact impersonation of Sandow. In his glory he picked Manager Black up and proudly strutted everywhere.

DROWNED IN THE RIVER.

W. A. Hendricks, a Paralytic Vender of Teas and Matches.

W. A. Hendricks, the paralytic vendor of teas and matches, who has been on the streets for several weeks, was drowned at the foot of Princess street yesterday between 2 and 3 o'clock. He was seen sitting on the steps of the National Bank of Wilmington at 2 o'clock. A half hour afterward he was stretched out on a wood flat, drowned.

It is very strange, but no one could be found who saw Hendricks fall in the river. There are usually several draymen collected about the foot of Princess street, and how a man could have fallen into the river without being seen by any of them is a mystery.

George Smith, a colored boy aged about ten years, was standing on a flat and saw a man's head come up out of the water, and gave the alarm. Help was soon at hand and the body drawn up on the flat. Efforts were made, though several minutes afterwards, to bring the man to, but they were in vain.

Coroner Jacobs viewed the body, but did not deem an inquest necessary. The body was taken to Evans' undertaking establishment, and Coroner Jacobs telegraphed for information to Florence and Sumter, S. C., at which towns the deceased had been before coming to Wilmington. He received no reply to either telegram.

Hendricks will be remembered as the almost helpless paralytic who earned his living by selling tea and matches. He bought mainly of Mr. John L. Boatwright, who sold him goods at very low figures on account of his affliction. He had been in the city about three weeks, and came here from Sumter, it is thought, as the entries in the book which he carried with him, just before those made in Wilmington, were made in Sumter. He boarded at different places, but was last boarding at the Sutton House, getting lodging only. He had not been there since Sunday night.

MAY HAVE BEEN SUICIDE.

It was thought by some that Hendricks committed suicide. This hypothesis would explain partly the fact that no one saw him fall in, as he could have let himself down from a point where he could not be seen. His actions, too, would favor the belief that he drowned himself. For a good while he was seen loitering around Princess and Water streets and at different times was seen sitting on the steps of stores near by.

He had found it hard to dispose of his wares, and was no doubt very much discouraged. He usually bought his goods in the morning, went out and sold them and came back in the afternoon to pay for them, but for the last week he had been getting behind until he owed $1.50 or more.

He may have fallen in the river while under the influence of a fit, though he was not known to be subject to fits.

Store Robbed.

Burglars effected an entrance into the store of the B. F. King Grocery Company some time Thursday night. When Mr. W. H. Sholar, one of the salesmen, opened the store yesterday morning, he saw the back door wide open. Further investigation showed that the burglar or burglars had taken a slat from one of the window blinds large enough to allow him to put his hand through and unfasten the blind. After he was inside it was an easy matter to open the door and let his companion or companions in.

Candy, cigarettes and tobacco were stolen to the amount of about ten dollars. The burglars also enjoyed a watermelon feast, as the rinds of several were found in the middle of the floor. But the worst loss was from the damage they inflicted upon Mr. King's cash register. They evidently thought that the money was secreted somewhere in the interior of the instrument, and they almost completely dissected it in their efforts to get at the money.

CAPE FEAR F. E. CO. NO. 1.

Cape Fear engine, reel and horses returned from Winston yesterday afternoon, and brought back the long distance prize in the engine contest of the Colored Firemen's Association. The prize is a silver medal valued at $10.

There was no contest at the time the Cape Fear engine was on exhibition practice with the white engine company of Winston on Thursday evening, August 12th. The day for the contest, with twenty pounds pressure only on hydrant, the Cape Fear engine threw water 218 feet 6½ inches on 4 inch main pipe; on Thursday, August 12th, on 10-inch main, we threw water 187 feet, with 90-pound pressure, while the Winston engine threw water 244 feet 8 inches with 70-pound water pressure on water gauge. Steam on our engine was 90 pounds; on Winston engine was 105 pounds.

The Cape Fear Company wishes to return thanks for the kind treatment received from friends and especially to the railroad authorities.

N. C. NAVAL BATTALION.

George L. Morton Elected Commander—Election of a Lieutenant Commander Postponed.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

GOLDSBORO, August 13.—The officers of the North Carolina Naval Battalion, composed of the Newbern, Wilmington, Elizabeth City and Kinston divisions, met to-day at Newbern and unanimously elected Mr. Geo. L. Morton, of Wilmington, commander. The election of a lieutenant commander was postponed.

RALEIGH NEWS ITEMS.

Death of Ex-Chief of Police Chas. D. Heartt—Board of Aldermen—Shaw University—Pilot Mountain Baptist Association—The Whitsett Controversy.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, August 13.

Maj. Chas. D. Heartt, for seventeen years chief of police of Raleigh, expired this morning about 4 o'clock. Major Heartt had been in bad health for more than twelve months, and the end was looked for. He was better yesterday, however. Major Heartt married a daughter of the late Governor Bragg. He was one of Raleigh's most popular citizens.

The Board of Aldermen meets this evening to take action in the case of the suspension of Chief of Police Norwood.

Rev. A. W. Pegues and wife have been elected to the faculty of Shaw University. Prof. Pegues resigned the superintendency of the Institution of the Deaf and Dumb for the colored race a few days since.

The Pilot Mountain Baptist Association has requested the resignation of Dr. Whitsett, President of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary. The Whitsett controversy is causing a stir among the Baptists of this State.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—14 casks spirits turpentine, 10 bbls tar, 16 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—15 casks spirits turpentine, 158 bbls rosin, 14 bbls tar, 3 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—44 casks spirits turpentine, 109 bbls rosin, 17 bbls tar, 29 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—16 casks spirits turpentine, 106 bbls rosin, 30 bbls tar.

Wilmington & Newbern R. R.—59 casks spirits turpentine, 186 bbls rosin.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—38 casks spirits turpentine, 151 bbls rosin, 125 bbls tar, 19 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 188 casks; rosin, 710 bbls; tar, 196 bbls; crude turpentine, 67 bbls.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunningim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 4.00 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Market Street M. E. Church, next to corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. T. H. Sutton, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7.30 p. m.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H. Hoge, pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 6.00 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8.15 p. m. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. F. H. Farrington, pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Rev. Dr. Strange will hold Divine service at Lebanon Chapel, Wrightsville Sound, at 11 o'clock a. m. to-morrow (Sunday) August 15th.

Services at St. James' Church, in this city, the same as usual, at 11 a. m. and 6 p. m.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

Let the Star Follow You.

STAR subscribers who are going away for the Summer will receive the paper regularly by mail by leaving orders for it at this office. Addresses will be changed as often as desired.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS!

The Carolina Bicycle Club

WILL GIVE AN EXCURSION TO CAROLINA Beach August 17th. There will be Base Ball and Bicycle races; also other amusements. Boat leaves 9.30, 3.00, 5.15 and 8.00 p. m. Last boat leaves Beach 11 o'clock p. m.

WILLIE LATTA, Sec'y.

an 13 4t

Even the KIDS are working hard to get the HANDSOME WATCH which it is certain will be GIVEN AWAY on October 1st, 1897, at 10 a. m. by

MERCER & EVANS,

115 Princess Street,

Where good cheap SHOES may be had at all times. au 14 tf

We Have Other Goods

to offer besides

"Clover Hill Butter."

Read our list and find out.

100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,

Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.

Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread.

Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue, Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.

Car load choice Timothy Hay.

Ink to suit all.

Jellies in Glass and in Wood.

R. W. HICKS,

Wholesale Grocer.

au 14 DAW tf

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, Aug. 14, 1897

IDIOCY REBUKED

For some time the gold organs of this country have been indulging in idiotic utterances over the decline in the price of silver, as if the decline wasn't the most natural thing in the world under the circumstances. In 1872 a conspiracy against silver was formed by the gold powers which culminated in demonetization of silver. When that thing was done silver in this country was worth more than gold. It began to decline in price then, but the decline was stayed by the passage of the Bland-Allison act, followed by the Sherman act. The repeal of the latter left silver without any legislative recognition and then the decline began again. The closing of the India mints narrowed more the recognition and demand for silver and another decline followed. More recently the change in the monetary system of Japan still further narrowed the recognition and use of silver and another era of decline set in, until silver has touched the lowest mark that it has ever reached. Now they point to the market and say to the friends of silver, "do you see that?" "Do you understand it?" "Are you still going to demand that dollars be made out of this forty two cent metal?"

Of course we see it. Of course we understand it, and of course we are still going to insist that dollars be made out of the white metal and keep on insisting until the gold worshippers learn some sense. But there are others besides the free silver advocates who see and understand it and have the independence to rebuke these gold worshippers for their idiocy in pretending that there is anything more than might be expected in the decline in the price of silver. The Washington *Post*, a gold standard paper and an able one, from which we have had occasion to quote heretofore, thus rebukes and exposes the absurdity of this idiotic yawp.

"We are having just now another taste of the monometallist style of logic. We have it in various publications setting forth the fact and the details of the great fall in the price of silver bullion. According to all this, silver is on the down grade and will soon cease to rank among the precious metals, and so we are told, with a gravity too beautiful to be described in words, that silver has seen its best days and that the advocates of free coinage may as well abandon their fond dreams forever.

"It reminds us of the lively campaign of 1895. It recalls all the ignorance and stupidity of that never-to-be-forgotten episode. We hear once more the strident bray of Bynum and Cockran and the frantic imprecations of the New York *Sun*. Silver is even more worthless than it was ten months ago, they tell us. Then 'the dollar was worth but 50 cents,' now it is 'worth only 43 cents.' And all the wiseacres and the parrots and the owls are prating, echoing, and looking wise, until one begins to question the wisdom of a Providence that lets such things continue. 'Silver is depreciating every day!' screams one miracle of human intelligence. 'The silver dollar is losing its purchasing powe!' yells another. The whole collection of the monometallist chorus proceeds to bay the moon until the welkin fairly rings.

"One hesitates to interject into the insane hullabaloo even so much as a suggestion of common sense and reason. It seems a wicked waste of time to ask these red faced yelpers why silver has depreciated in the market and whether if gold were subjected to the same process, it wouldn't lose its commercial value in like ratio. Intrinsically, the proposition is simple enough. The mints of the civilized nations are closed to silver; the same mints are open to gold. In this way the only thing that makes money of any metal is bestowed upon gold and withheld from silver. In this way gold acquires a fictitious and artificial worth and silver is reduced to the standard of its essential usefulness. In the same way, were the process reversed—were the mints closed to gold and opened wide to silver—would gold depreciate and silver become more valuable. Yet the monometallist orators and editors, the paragraphers and the headline enthusiasts go ahead upon their insensate and vociferous way as though reason had vanished from the earth and the people had nothing left save slobber, gush and poppycock.

"It seems to us the most logical result imaginable that silver, bereft of its money attribute, should depreciate in the market. Like gold, it has but a limited adaptability to the uses of mankind. It cannot be applied to any practical purpose. It is not susceptible of conversion into implements of husbandry, into machinery, into tools, &c. It is fit only for ornament or for coinage into money. Robbed by legislation of its latter quality, its range of usefulness is sadly narrowed. We do not ask the monometallist shriekers what would become of gold under like circumstances. It would be cruel. They do not know."

The gold powers have combined against silver until they have succeeded in closing nearly all the mints of the world against it, thus practically confining its uses and its demand to the arts, which cannot consume anything like the production, and therefore the price falls. But there is another and a particular reason why the price should be forced down still lower than it had been. There is now a commission in Europe sent under authority of our Congress, to endeavor to promote "international agreement" for the opening of the mints to silver. There has been some talk about the probable success of this movement. It is favored in France. Germany is in a passive condition, waiting to see how other nations regard it. England, which seems to be the chief obstacle in the way, is reported to be disposed to give it some encouragement by making concessions that would open the way for the use of a large amount of silver annually.

The gold powers became alarmed at the indications, and began to play their game to still further depreciate silver, and, as the expression is, "give it a black eye." Controlling the gold with which silver is bought and much of the silver now available for market they put it out and buy it in themselves at a lower price than it had been commanding, and they always hold enough of it to control the market and the price. When there is nothing to gain by putting it down they keep it where it was, but when they think they have more to gain by putting it down than keeping it up they put it down. That is precisely what they have been doing since the favorable reports have begun to come in about the progress which the monetary commission is making.

They are working this racket to kill off the international movement. If necessary they will run silver still lower, for they can afford to lose a few million of dollars if necessary to defeat international agreement. With a loss of much less they can keep the silver market glutted for some time to come, as long as necessary. If the silver mine owner asks sixty-five cents an ounce for his silver, they will offer theirs at sixty cents and that will be the quoted market price, showing a fall of two cents an ounce. Of course we understand it and them. They are not fooling silver men a bit.

THE LIFE OF VANCE.

"The Life of Vance," written and published by Major Clement Dowd, of Charlotte, is an exceedingly interesting publication and a valuable addition to the historic literature of this State. Major Dowd had excellent advantages for this work, for having been for years associated with the man of whom he writes he knew him well, and understood him, perhaps, as few understood him, as well known as he was.

The story as told by Major Dowd is as interesting as a romance although there is no romancing in it, but when we read it we can well understand why Zebulon Vance had such a powerful hold on the people of his own State and why he was so much respected by the people of other States who came into contact with him. The young man may profit by reading this book for it will give him courage by showing how a noble ambition may be achieved by noble action and showing one's self worthy of it, and the older man, although he may have known Vance in life, will feel prouder of him as he reads this record of unbroken devotion to duty and to his people.

As such this book is a treasure and should be in every household in North Carolina, and be read leisurely by every North Carolinian.

It is printed in large clear type on fine paper, with illustrations, neatly and substantially bound, making a book that would do credit to any printing house and one of which the office of the Charlotte *Observer*, where it was printed and finished, may well feel proud. A review of the book would take columns, but we repeat that it is in every way an excellent production for which the friends of the glorious Vance, and the State should be under lasting obligations to Major Dowd.

MINOR MENTION.

"Government by injunction" seems to be coming to the front these days. We have had some samples of it within the past year or so in this State, and we are having some more samples of it now in Pennsylvania, where a Judge at Pittsburg has issued an injunction restraining the striking coal miners from marching or camping in the vicinity of mines where the workmen have not joined in the strike. They had previously had an injunction served on Debs' mouth to prevent him from shooting off his eloquence among the non striking miners in West Virginia. We are not up on the law in Pennsylvania but if there be law in that State which can be so judicially interpreted as to prevent men from marching and camping, quietly and peacefully, without disturbing the peace of the community, or injuring the property or imperilling the safety or lives of others, it is a dangerous law and ought to be wiped off the statutes, for its stretching capacity depends simply upon the stretching inclinations of the judge who may be called on to pass upon it. It is argued that these marchings and campings are intended to intimidate, to bring undue pressure to bear upon miners who are not in the strike, and thus do injury to the property of the mine owners by preventing them from getting out their coal. But assuming this to be so, on the same ground couldn't they get out an injunction to prevent men from striking, or from holding meetings anywhere in the vicinity of where other men may be at work? Or couldn't they get out an injunction against the newspapers publishing the proceedings or speeches made at such meetings as tending to create discontent and to demoralize men at work and thus injure the property of their employers? That's about the way it looks to us, for when the laws are stretched that way, there is no telling where the stretching process may end, or how many rights the people will have left when the stretchers get through the stretching.

* *

We congratulate the people of Virginia on the endorsement given Senator Daniel by the Convention at Roanoke, because we regard him as one of the ablest men in the Senate, one of the truest to the people, and by far the ablest man in public life in Virginia. He stands with the people of that State, and deservedly so, as our own Vance stood with the people of this State, and for the same reason, namely, that aside from his brilliant intellect and superb oratory, they have unbounded confidence in him. But (although the opposition was led by Senator Daniel) we do not think it showed equal wisdom in voting down the resolution providing for the nomination of United State Senators by primaries, that is by the primaries expressing their preference for Senator and so instructing the members-elect to the Legislature, who are pledged to stand by the action of the primaries. This is done in Illinois, in South Carolina, and is so favorably regarded that it will probably be adopted in other States. It is as near an approach to an election direct by the people as can be made without an amendment to the Constitution. While the convention voted down this resolution, which had carried in the committee on resolutions and platform by a majority of one, it substantially adopted it in the case of Senator Daniel by a pledge to support only such candidates for the Legislature as would pledge themselves to vote to return him to the Senate. If the primary method was a seeming "evasion of the Constitution," as contended, was not this practical instruction to the Democratic candidates who may run for the Legislature an "evasion of the Constitution?" Senator Daniel is the right man, and the resolution to stand by him and support only men for the Legislature who will do likewise is all right, yet it was glaringly inconsistent coming from men who had just voted down the primary resolution.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Outlook for August 7th, is an interesting number, presenting a varied list of contents, illustrated. It contains a continuation of Gladstone's life, and a paper entitled Studying the Sun, which is very interesting. The reader will also find light reading to while away a leisure hour. Address The Outlook Company, Astor Place, New York.

The New Time which succeeds *New Occasions* is devoted to social progress and discusses from a progressive standpoint those social, political and economic subjects in which the people are interested, presenting from month papers by leading public men and writers and editorials ably and interestingly written. It is needless to say that it is opposed to monopolies, combines; class legislation and all that sort of thing. Published by Charles H. Kerr & Co., 56 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

After serious illness Hood's Sarsaparilla has wonderful building up power. It purifies the blood and restores perfect health. †

CURRENT COMMENT.

— When the gold bug admits that an increased demand for silver would be created by remonceteizing it he concedes all there is in the argument against the coinage of silver into standard money, except the ratio, and bimetallists issist that free coinage would make the commercial ratio 16to 1.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

— Senator Hanna says that a silver sentiment no longer exists in Ohio, and that he is certain of election by the next Legislature Mr. Hanna is a shrewd campaigner and undoubtedly knows the truth about the situation, but it is just possible that his little speech was made for campaign effect and not necessarily to tell all he knows.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind,*

— The official report that 85 per cent. of the men in the navy are Americans by birth or naturalization is gratifying to national pride and, probably, a gaurantee of national safety, so far as it goes. It is natural for men to fight better for their own country than for another, and, therefore, it is well that battle ships shall be manned by there own nationality, There would be no difficulty in filling the whole navy with Americans, if a proper effort were made to do so.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Inp*

Miraculous Benefit

RECEIVED FROM

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure.

ELI P. BABCOCK, of Avoca, N. Y., a veteran of the 3rd N. Y. Artillery and for thirty years of the Babcock & Munsel Carriage Co., of Auburn, says: "I write to express my gratitude for the miraculous benefit received from Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. I suffered for years, as result of army life, from sciatica which affected my heart in the worst form, my limbs swelled from the ankles up. I bloated until I was unable to button my clothing; had sharp pains about the heart, smothering spells and shortness of breath. For three months I was unable to lie down, and all the sleep I got was in an arm chair. I was treated by the best doctors but gradually grew worse. About a year ago I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and it saved my life as if by a miracle."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Every woman needs Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

We morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's Pain Pills Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists. Chicago June 15 lyr m in th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: Friday James Howell, colored, fell back into the well which he had just completed for Mr. J. T. Wellborn, on Barracks Hill, and was killed. His skull was broken on the back part of the head and both legs were broken between the knee and ankle. He fell about fifty feet.

— Scotland Neck *Commonwealth*: Some nights ago thieves entered Dr. D. B. Zollicoffer's store at Garysbury and took $15 in cash, a lot of shoes and clothing, pistols, razors, knives, etc. He suspected three ex-convicts at Roanoke Rapids, and when their houses were searched he found some of the goods, but the rogues made their escape.

Alamance *Gleaner*: Mr. Thomas C. Foust, about a mile south of this place, a few days ago housed seventy bushels of Irish potatoes from a plat of ground 25x30 yards, after using from the patch since the potatoes were large enough. The yield was at the rate of 500 bushels to the acre. At the present price, 40 cents per bushel, and acre of ground would yield nearly $200 worth.

— Monroe *Journal*: Mr. Charles H. Aycoth died at his home in Monroe township last Friday of fever. He was 28 years old. —— Col. Hotchkiss has leased his gold mine to a Northern firm, who have purchased machinery and will, in about two weeks, begin work —— Mr. H. F. Zachary, of Montgomery county, has been prospecting for the past two months and shows us some valuable specimens of ore, some, he says, worth $2,000 a ton.

— Mount Airy *News*: Bud Reeves, colored, and Jack Chandler, white, had a difficulty at Chandler's distillery Saturday night last which resulted fatally to one of the parties to the affray. The distillery is near Rusk, Surry county, and Reeves, who is known far and wide as a dangerous man, was killed by Chandler with a billet of wood. Chandler was promptly arrested and placed in jail at Dobson, our county seat. Reeves on more than one occasion gave our police trouble, and was shot several years ago by one of our officers.

— Wadesboro *Messenger and Intelligencer*: Mr. R. D. Ashford died at his home near Peachland last Friday night, aged about 48 years. The deceased had been sick for some time and his death was not unexpected. He was for many years in the employ of the Carolina Central Railroad, as trestle builder, and was well known along the line of the road. ——The preliminary hearing last Thursday in the case of Joe Boggan, charged with assaulting Berta Clemons, a young colored woman of this place, resulted in Joe's being required to give a justified bond in the sum of $500 for his appearance at the next term of the criminal court far Anson county. He could not give the bond and was sent to jail.

— Southport *Standard*: The death of Mr. D. B. Stanland, of Shalotte, occurred on Sunday morning. He passed away, after an illness of only a few hours, although he was able to work some and to walk over his farm Saturday evening. —— Mr. Fred Swain tells us that while passing along in his woods, near the marsh, last week he broke into an aligators nest. In a few days more 40 young "gaters" would have walked into the adjacent creek. —— Last Tuesday afternoon, during an electric storm, lightning struck a small tree in the yard of Mr. Wayman Roberson, of Phœnix, and running down a wire clothes line fastened to the tree, the bolt killed one of his children, about four years of age, and stunned two others, who are not expected to live.

TWINKLINGS.

— Ferguson—"What is the composition of Roquefort cheese?"

Tipton—"Roquefort cheese is not a composition; it is a decomposition."—*Boston Transcript*

— An Old Maxim Revised—First Tot—"My mamma says, 'If the shoe fits, put it on.'"

Second Tot—"My mamma says, 'If the shoe fits, take it off—it's too big.'"—*Puck.*

— The thoughtful citizen looked grave. "I have gone through this Dingley bill from beginning to end," he said, "and I must say that it is very incomplete."

"What's wrong with it?"

"Why, here's no export duty on heiresses."—*Household Words*

"Does your wife take any interest in current politics?" asked the earnest woman.

"Naw," replied Mr. Sodfarm, "she don't. But if it's currant jelly or currant pie, why I allow she could tell you more things about 'em 'n you ever dreampt of."—*Boston Transcript*

— "Do you eat missionaries now?" the tourist asked of the cannibal.

"Oh, yes!" responded the latter.

"You kill them first, don't you?" persisted the tourist.

"We do now," sighed the urbane cannibal meanly. "We found quick lunches produced dispepsia."—*Boston Traveller.*

— An Explanation: Ethel—"I wonder why Good Friday is called Good Friday?"

Freddy—"Why, you s'prise me—It's named after Robinson Crusoe's faithful servant, of course."—*Judge.*

— "Here, you," said the officious citizen, grabbing the scorcher. "Aren't you going to apologize to that man you knocked down?"

"Me? Nit. He'll get his evens all right. Don't you know he's a trolley motorman?"—*Kansas City Star.*

— "Did you hear old Gotrox boasting that his life had always been free and open to the observation of all the world?"

"I did. And yet everybody knows that his first big money was made in a corner."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

The True Remedy.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides it guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottle free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A FIDDLER WANTED.

HE WAS FAMED AND AT DANCE MUSIC DID VERY WELL.

Fun and Frolic In a Washout on the Oregon Short Line—Millionaires and Immigrants Attend a Dance and Experience a Musical Surprise.

On St. Patrick's day, 1894, five through trains, bound both to the eastward and westward of the Oregon Short Line of the Union Pacific, were tied up at Glenns Ferry, Ida. They had been caught between two serious washouts, one at Pocatello and the other at Indian Creek, three days before, and had to wait at Glenns Ferry for track repairs along the line before they could proceed. Glenns Ferry is a bleak little railroad and sheep herders' town of 300 or 400 inhabitants, situate on a sagebrush bluff overlooking the unspeakably dark and dreary Snake river.

The five stalled trains carried 600 passengers of as miscellaneous a character as could be gotten together at a carefully selected congress of types. There were emigrants and millionaires; soldiers on the move; dainty women in palace cars and women bound for Creede and Cripple Creek in day coaches; miners who killed time during the wait in shooting magpies circling over the Snake river; Shoshone Indians traveling to the limits of their reservation; well behaved and quiet people, noisy and tumultuous people. But all were stuck alike, and they made the best of it.

Lines of social demarcation were for the time erased. All hands mingled easily on the little station platform and in the little station waiting room. The supply of food on the dining cars gave out the first day of the hitch, and everybody was fed, and well fed, too, in the station eating room. They sat down at the tables in relays and patiently awaited their turns.

The railroad employees and their wives were to give a dance at the little town hall on St. Patrick's night. The switchman who had been customarily employed to fiddle for them had been switched to another division. In a quandary, the dance committee toured the trains and station to ascertain if any of the stalled passengers happened to be carrying a violin and was capable of producing music on it. In one of the sleeping cars they came across an artistic looking man, with very long hair, a seraphic, oleaginous countenance and exceedingly baggy clothes. They were looking for a fiddler, they said. Did he know of any on the train? Well, he didn't know (in outrageously bad English); he played a little himself once in awhile, and had rather a fair fiddle with him. The long haired man accented the "fiddle" rather curiously. But the railroad men were overjoyed. Would he play for them to dance with their wives and sweethearts? Certainly! Did he know dance music? Well, some.

All of the stalled passengers were invited to the dance, and they all went. A good many of them could not get in. The baggily clothed fiddler turned up in good time. The pianist was waiting for him. So was the railroad dance committee, one of the members of which slipped $8 in one dollar bills into the fiddler's hand as payment in advance for the evening's work. It was smilingly accepted. The dance began. The fireman's wife, who played the piano, produced an old bethumbed violin and piano tune book and turned to the lancers. She told the fiddler, at the end of the first dance, that he did pretty well, only he went too fast. Then there was a waltz. The fiddler was informed by his accompanist that he was getting along finely, and everybody in the room began to prick up his ears at the sweetness of the violin music, although the dances were common enough and tawdry enough.

Another waltz—the "Beautiful Blue Danube." All of the dancers on the floor stopped dead at the first bar, and the travelers with cultivated musical ears moved close to the piano. The pianist ceased. She wished to listen. The violin music was miraculous. The player swayed from side to side as he phrased. He appeared to be oblivious of his surroundings. He improvised variations of inspiring tenderness. He out-Straussed Strauss. His violin sang, throbbed with passion. When the last note died away, the people in the hall appeared to be in a dream—all but one.

"M. Ysaye," said Charley Fair, the son of the late United States Senator Fair, stepping from the throng, "won't you play that lively, rattling thing you gave us at the Bohemian club in San Francisco the other night? It's been running in my head ever since."

M. Ysaye played Berlioz's "Pizzicato" as he perhaps never played it before.—Washington Star.

The Du Maurier Woman.

In an article which the late Mr. Du Maurier wrote some years ago for The Magazine of Art apropos of the typical "pretty woman" of his drawings, occurs the following quaint and characteristic passage: "I do hope the reader does not dislike her—that is, if he knows her—I am so fond of her myself, or rather so fond of what I want her to be. She is my piece de resistance, and I have often heard her commended, and the praise of her has sounded sweet in mine ears and gone straight to my heart, for she has become to me as a daughter. She is rather tall, I admit, and a trifle stiff—but English women are tall and stiff just now—and she is rather too serious, but that is only because I find it so difficult with a mere stroke in black ink to indicate the enchanting little curved lines that go from the nose to the mouth corners, causing the cheeks to make a smile."

Father and Son.

In 1869 a Rev. Dr. Crane wrote a tract on popular amusements, in which he said that "novel reading has become the vice of the age" and warned his readers and listeners against so evil a habit, so soul destroying a recreation as novel reading. His son is Stephen Crane, who has been making considerable reputation as a writer of novels.

All Seasons For Its Own.

"Ice is an awfully ruinous thing," sighed Cholly. "In winter whole towns are bankrupted by ice gorges, and in the summer the young men are bankrupted by ice cream gorges."—Chicago Tribune.

Every man will find his own private affairs more difficult to manage and control than any public affairs in which he may be engaged.—Lord Melbourne.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H E Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action, and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Night Sweats

Best Blood Purifier and Tonic Found in Hood's.

"My husband suffered with pain in the back, night sweats and loss of appetite. He has been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and it has benefited him very much. It has given him an excellent appetite and we believe it to be the best blood purifier and tonic that can be obtained." MRS. C. F. DENNIS, Macbeth, South Carolina.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

BARGAINS IN

Slippers

—AND—

TanShoes

FOR TEN DAYS ONLY.

25 Per Cent Off.

40c	quality will be;		30c
50c	" " "		37½c.
75c	" " "		54c.
$1.00	" " "		75c.
1 50	" " "		$1.12½.
2 00	" " "		1.50.

Remember 10 Days Only

And many other Bargains at

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S,

Near Fourth Street Bridge.

Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $3 and up. au 8 tf

TURNIP SEED,

Crop 1897,

JUST ARRIVED

ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.

Write for quotations.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		6½	7
Standard			7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams		12	14
Sides		6	7
Shoulders		5	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides		5½	5½
Shoulders		4½	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		1 00	1 10
New New York, each		1 35	1 40
New City, each		1 30	1 40
BEESWAX		22	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington	M	6 00	7 00
Northern	M	9 00	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina		10	16
Northern		18	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks			45½
Virginia Meal			45½
COTTON TIES—	bundle		75
CANDLES—			
Sperm		18	25
Adamantine		8	10
CHEESE—			
Northern Factory		11	12½
Dairy, Cream		12	13
State			10
COFFEE—			
Laguyra		20	
Rio		8½	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4	yard		5½
Yarns	bunch	15	30
EGGS	dozen	10	12½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1	barrel	22 00	30 00
Mackerel, No 1	half-barrel	11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No 2	barrel	16 00	18 00
Mackerel, No 2	half-barrel	8 00	9 00
Mackerel, No 3	barrel	13 00	14 00
Mullets	barrel	3 00	3 50
Mullets	pork barrel	5 50	7 00
N C Roe Herring	keg	3 00	3 25
Dry Cod	lb	5	10
FLOUR—	barrel—		
Extra		3 35	3 50
Low grade		3 00	3 10
Choice		3 20	4 00
Straight		4 25	4 50
First Patent			5 00
GLUE	lb	7½	8½
GRAIN—	bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White			45
Car load, in bags—White			45
Oats, from store			30
Oats, Rust Proof		35	40
Cow Peas		60	65
HIDES	lb		
Green			6
Dry			8
HAY	100 lbs	80	85
Clover Hay			85
Rice Straw			30
Eastern			1 00
Western		90	95
North River			85
HOOP IRON	lb	1½	3
LARD	lb		
Northern		5½	6½
North Carolina		5	10
LIME	barrel	1 15	1 25
LUMBER(Cy sawed)	M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed		18 00	20 00
Rough edge Plank		15 00	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality		13 00	16 00
Dressed Flooring,		16 00	18 00
Sealing and Board, common		14 00	15 00
MOLASSES	gallon—		
Barbados,	in hhds		30
"	in bbls		32
Porto Rico,	in hhds		26
"	in bbls		28
Sugar-House,	in hhds		14
"	in bbls	14	16
Syrup,	in bbls	13	16
NAILS	keg, Cut 60d basis	1 80	1 90
PORK	barrel—		
City Mess			9 50
Rump			8 75
Prime			8 75
ROPE	lb	10	11
SALT	sack Alum		75
Liverpool			85
Lisbon			
Ashton		40	50
On 125 lb Sacks			40
SHINGLES, 7-inch	M	3 00	3 50
Cypress Saps		1 50	2 25
Extra C, Golden		2 50	3 00
C, Yellow			
SOAP	lb—Northern		3½
STAVES	R & W O, barrel	8 00	14 00
R. O, Hogshead			10 00
TIMBER	lb foot—Shipping		1 00
Mill, Prime			7 00
Mill, Fair		6 00	6 50
Common Mill		4 00	4 50
Inferior to Ordinary			3 50
SHINGLES	M, N C, Cypress sawed		
6 M 6ds	Sap	7 50	8 00
	Extra	5 00	6 00
	Heart	4 50	5 00
	Sap	4 00	4 50
6x30	Heart	3 00	3 50
	Sap	3 50	3 50
	Cypress		4 00
TALLOW	lb		3½
WHISKEY	gallon—Northern	1 20	1 25
North Carolina		1 10	1 15
WOOL	lb—Unwashed		18

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 25¼ cents per gallon for machine made casks, and 25¼ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market quiet at $1 20 per bbl for Strained and $1.25 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1.15 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quiet; $1.80 per barrel for Hard, 1 80 for Yellow Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm, 23¾, 24½c; rosin firm, $1.83½, 1.87½; tar firm, $1.05; crude turpentine steady, $1.30, 1.55, 1.65.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	88
Rosin	710
Tar	198
Crude Turpentine	67

Receipts same day last year—210 casks spirits turpentine, 857 bbls rosin, 89 bbls tar, 46 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 7¼c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¼	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary	6⅞	" "
Low Middling	7⅛	" "
Middling	7⅜	" "
Good Middling	8 5-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¾c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day, last year 2.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 45@47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1 60 to 2 25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch $5 50 to 6 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended August 13, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
21	1,562	7,080	1,531	444

RECEIPTS.

For week ended August 14, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
6	1,959	6,092	810	486

EXPORTS.

For week ended August 13, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	617	1,908	73	804	539
Foreign	000	1,100	4 953	000	000
	617	2,303	5,033	804	539

EXPORTS.

For week ended August 14, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	1,8 8	1,803	539	1,337	409
Foreign	000	900	9,271	000	000
	1,893	2,401	9,810	1,337	409

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, Aug. 13, 1897.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	397	32	429
Spirits	1,240	19	1,259
Rosin	31,561	15	31,576
Tar	2,371	330	2,701
Crude	407	000	407

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, Aug. 14, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
2,037	2,293	25,404	6,156	598

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1 and closed offered at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was weak, actual business in bankers' bills at 485½ for demand; 488¼@488¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@486 and 486½@487. Commercial bills 483¾. Silver certificates —. Government bonds were easier; twos, registered, 97¾; fours, registered, 111⅝; fours, coupon, 113; new fours, registered, 125½; new fours, coupon, 125¾; fives, registered, 113¾; fives, coupon, 113⅞. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 126; North Carolina fours 103¼ Railroad bonds strong.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13—Rosin quiet, strained common to good $1 50@1 55 Spirits turpentine quiet at 28@28¼.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24c bid; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; A, B, C, D $1 20. E $1 30, F $1 35, G $1 30 H $1 45. I, $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 55, N $1 75, W G $1 90; W W $3 20.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26 bid; sales 630 casks; receipts 985 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2 619 barrels; receipts 4 904 barrels; quotations: A, B, C, D $1 20, E $1 25, F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 50, I $1 50, K $1 60, M $1 60, N $1 95, W G $2 20, W W $2 45.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13—The cotton market opened steady, with prices 1 to 6 points, the decline falling mainly on the new crop positions August received special support in the way of buying orders from Philadelphia. Following the first call the market further declined 1 to 3 points. The weakness was the result of unfavorable and disappointing foreign advices and generally favorable crop accounts. About the only support the market had came in the way of buying against short contracts. During the afternoon the market was quiet and practically in the hands of the local contingent, with a weak undertone, and finally quiet and steady at a net decline of 6 to 8 points, except on August, which showed a net gain of 3 points on spinners' buying. Total sales 10,000 bales.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1896: Galveston, 1,348,465; New Orleans, 2,030,193; Mobile, 303,295 Savannah, 810 877; Charleston, 399,469, Wilmington, 234,523; Norfolk, 704,330; Baltimore, 60 693, New York 108 981; Boston, 161,734; Newport News, 9,707 Philadelphia 51 960; West Point, Va., 80; Brunswick, 125 161; Texas City, 54 945, Pensacola, 67,899; Port Royal, 73,639. Total, 6,694 989.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling 8c.

Cotton futures closed quiet and steady; sales 80 100 bales; Jan'y 6 98 Feb'y 6 99, March 7 08, April 7 03, May 7 08, July —, August 7 55, September 7 11, October 6 98, November 6 90, December 6 69.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 8c; middling gulf 8¼c; sales 514 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 454 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 200 bales; forwarded

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Naming a Burmese Baby.

A Burmese baby when a fortnight old is named. On the auspicious day, which the astrologer has selected, there is a feast to which relatives and friends have been invited. The baby's head is washed for the first time, and his name is chosen. An English lady residing in Burma describes the process of selecting the name:

The limits of the choice are determined by the day of the week upon which he was born. Burmese custom divides the letters of the alphabet among the days of the week, and a child born on Monday must receive a name initialed by one of the letters belonging to that day.

Ka, kha, ga, gha, nga, Taninla
Sa, hsa, za, zha, nya, Ainga.
Ta, tha, da, dha, na, Sanay,

is the beginning of a jingle which every Burmese child learns, as you and I learned, "Thirty days hath September, April, June and November."

A child born on Taninla (Monday) must have a name beginning with "k," "g" or "n," and when he is old enough to go to the pagodas the nature of the offering he carries, or rather its shape, is determined by the day of his birth.

Each day of the week is under the protection or subject to the fury of some animal. The tiger rules Monday, and a Burman born on Monday will offer to Gautama a candle shaped like a tiger and fashioned of scarlet or of yellow wax. Tuesday belongs to the king of beasts, Wednesday is the tusked elephant's, Thursday is sacred to the rat and Friday to the guinea pig. The dragon dominates Saturday, and Sunday is dedicated to another fabulous creature, half bird, half beast.—Youth's Companion.

Not What He Needed.

The doctor looked solemn.

"Do you walk to your office every morning?" he asked.

"No indeed," answered the patient.

"I thought not," returned the doctor in his self satisfied, superior way. "What you need is more exercise."

"More exercise!" roared the patient. "Great mackerel! Don't I have to catch a crowded cable car on the fly every morning? What do you call exercise?"—Chicago Post.

FASHIONS CHANGE
BUT
POZZONI'S
Complexion
POWDER
REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

LEA & PERRINS

Signature is printed in BLUE diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper

Lea & Perrins

of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States,
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

Combination Bicycle
FOR SALE

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at Star Office.

au 7 tf

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE OLD TREE.

Wave not so sadly in the wind,
Thou old and leafless tree,
Nor sob that summer nevermore
Can beauty bring to thee,
That but a desolation thou
Must stand upon the lea.

The inspirations of the spring
Long years were at thy heart.
Thou gav'st through many a summer space
Grand images to art.
Old tree, thou acted'st gloriously
Within the world thy part.

Then sigh not such a mournful dirge.
Yet if thy voice must be
Like anthems let the undertone
Be breathed exultingly.
For thine not a wasted life,
Magnificent old tree!

Man, white haired man, if thou hast done
Bravely in life thy part,
If true humanity has made
Its music in thy heart,
Say why should'st thou at death's cold wind
In grief and terror start?

Oh, stand beside the grand old tree,
And, gazing on its dim,
Scarred trunk, lift bravely up
Thy last but fearless hymn,
For thou hast nobly done thy part.
What more can cherubim?
—W. R. Wallace in New York Ledger.

THE FIRST LIGHTHOUSES.

They Were an Outgrowth of the Beacon Fires on Headlands.

Lieutenant John M. Ellicott, U. S. N., writes for St. Nicholas a paper on lighthouses, entitled, "The Lights That Guide In the Night." Lieutenant Ellicott says:

When ships are sailing upon the ocean the lights of heaven are their guides. Even in the dark ages, when the compass and sextant were unknown instruments, the seemingly motionless pole star hung like a beacon light in the northern heavens, and the rising and setting of the sun and stars distinguished the east from the west. When, however, ships come near the land, the lights of heaven are not sufficiently safe to guide them. Rocks lie in their paths, unseen in the night, reefs and shoals spread under the water, while unsuspected currents sweep the frail craft all blindly upon these dangers.

Nevertheless, ships were sailed along dangerous coasts for centuries before a plain system of marking dangerous places was invented. The early mariners were bold and reckless rovers, more than half pirates, who seldom owned a rood of the coasts along which they sailed, and could not have established lights and landmarks on them had they cared to do so. The rude beginning, then, of a system of lighthouses was when the merchants with whom the reckless mariners traded in those dark ages built beacons near the harbor mouths to guide the ships into port by day and lighted fires for their guidance at night. As such a harbor guide had to be a sure landmark in the daytime and a light by night, it soon took on a settled shape—a tower on which could be built a fire, and such a tower was usually built of stone.

This method of guiding ships into the ports which they sought was scarcely established before human wickedness used it as a means for their destruction. Bands of robbers, or, as they came to be called, "wreckers," would hide themselves somewhere near the haven sought by a richly laden vessel, and, after overpowering the fire keepers, would extinguish the beacon fire on the night on which the ship was expected. Then they would light another fire near some treacherous reef. The mariner, sailing boldly toward the false light, would dash his vessel to destruction on the reef, whereupon the robber band would plunder the wreck and make off with the booty.

Lioness and Puppy.

Here is a tale of a strange animal friendship told by a writer in a recent issue of The Westminster Gazette. The story is unique. According to the writer, a lioness that was kept in captivity in Somaliland adopted a bull terrier. There were several bull terrier puppies near the place where she was confined, and once in awhile the little fellows would come close to the cage. Then she would snarl, and the puppies would scamper back, but there was one that seemed to have the good will of the lioness, for one day when he approached the cage, instead of growling, she showed signs of pleasure.

The puppy was encouraged, and after blinking at the lioness he walked boldly in. To the surprise of the keeper, who was expecting to see the puppy quickly killed, the lioness stretched out her huge paw and gently drew the dog in. The little fellow was delighted with his reception, and he snuggled into her warm fur and has remained with her ever since. The curious thing is that the lioness will have nothing to do with the other puppies. If they come to the cage to see how their little brother is getting along, she growls at them in tones so loud and menacing that they are frightened off. Meanwhile the adopted puppy is treated by the lioness just as if he were a cub of her own.

From the Postoffice.

The Visitor—My man, what are you in the penitentiary for?

The Gentleman In Stripes—Collectin stamps.

The Visitor—Collecting stamps? Why, what is wrong in that?

The Gentleman In Stripes—Nothin; but dey said I ought to have took the canceled ones only.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

SHYNESS IS SERIOUS.

MEDICAL EXPERTS SAY IT IS A SYMPTOM OF MELANCHOLIA.

It Takes Various Forms, but Is Invariably a Forerunner of Dementia—A Disease That Should Be Carefully Treated In Time—Affects Men as Well as Women.

At last it has been discovered that the reason the girl who seems exceedingly shy acts in the fashion she does is that she is demented.

This is the result of extensive investigation by insanity experts on both sides of the water. Exceptional bashfulness, as it is called, is really shyness. It is a morbid condition of the mind, a certain sort of dementia.

Often is the expression heard that a person is painfully shy. Yet in such an instance no doubt has been raised as to the mental condition of the object of the remark. Nevertheless, it is far more than probable that the individual referred to was suffering from insanity just as much if not more, than many persons who are living out a tortured existence within the walls of a madhouse.

It is a well known fact that one of the most notable symptoms of insanity is that which causes the person afflicted to shun the company of others. Loneliness is an incentive to insanity. Confinement in a solitary cell in a prison often breeds madness. It is altogether an unnatural mental condition which impels a person to avoid the society of humanity. No one whose condition is normal ever consents to such an existence.

Just how the insanity expert looks at shyness is shown by the following statement, made by Dr. G. W. Kunz of New York, whose wide experience makes his opinion well worth considering:

"Shyness is as much a disease as scarlet fever. It is recognized as a symptom of dementia or melancholia, just as an extremely strong willed person, or one who is what is termed unusually self assertive, is regarded by physicians as a possible subject for acute paresis.

"This shyness takes various forms, such as a sudden feeling of faintness and weakness on looking down from any extreme height. It is present when a woman persists in looking under the bed before retiring, although she knows full well that there is no man there. I know of one case of a woman who, when she turns out the gas, invariably lights a match to see if she has turned it completely off, and nine times out of ten she lights another match to see if she threw the first match into the coal scuttle or fireplace. That is another form of what may be termed shyness.

"This shyness is due to a variety of causes. It is very often the case that a system which is run down leads to this condition of mind. The continual thinking upon any subject, or what is termed brooding over a certain thing, leads to this. If not checked in time, melancholia results.

"This shyness is as common to men as to women. Some men seem embarrassed and ill at ease when in the presence of women, while, on the other hand, it is often noticed that the presence of gentlemen makes some women very ill at ease, only, in justice to the sex, it must be stated that this very rarely happens.

"There are many reasons for these facts, but the most common one is ill health. Should a person so troubled go to a physician, he or she would be regarded as possessing symptoms indicating a lack of will power and approaching insanity in some form. There are waves of morbid shyness, just as there are waves of insanity. There are waves of certain kinds of suicide, resulting from insanity. There are waves of bridge jumping, killing with razors or knives, shooting and death by poison.

"Many suicides are due to temporary insanity, brought on by a variety of causes. One of the first symptoms is shyness. Persons afflicted with this shyness never take up any of the sciences or professions or become students. They lack the will power necessary to do so. Where the normal mind of man overcomes difficulties and troubles when they come, the shy, retiring man seeks relief in suicide."

Dr. Henry Campbell, who is the physician in charge of the Northwest London hospital, says that morbid shyness is, like other mental disorders, an exaggeration of an unnatural physical state. It is among women, he declares, that this symptom of mental disorder is most often seen. Lacking the physical strength of man in most instances, they are unable to withstand the depression that sometimes seizes them. That depression gives birth to a desire to be unobserved. Here is the beginning of the fit of shyness which results in unbalancing the mind and creating the idea that the very sight of others is an affliction to be avoided.

Several New York doctors who discussed the question at length said that they had noticed particularly among young women whom they had been called upon to see that those who had exhibited the greatest embarrassment in the presence of young men were lacking in that mental equipoise necessary to the normal brain. Modesty is one thing, they said, shyness quite another. The one causes the young woman to refrain from action that would bring upon her just criticism. The other is simply impelled to a course of action for which there is neither rhyme nor reason, and one that only results in general discomfort.—New York Journal.

A Weathercock Made by Paul Revere.

In taking down the steeple of the old Methodist church in Watertown, which the Young Men's Catholic association is remodeling for its use, the historic old weathercock on top of the steeple had to be removed. He is 2¼ feet high, with a pewter body and copper tail, and is said to have been made by Paul Revere when about 20 years old. It is said that the weathercock was originally placed, in 1755, on the old church building that was demolished in 1837. There is some dispute about his ownership, the Unitarians claiming that he was simply loaned to the Methodists when the latter built their church in 1847, while the Methodists claim that they bought him from the town. He will probably be presented to the Watertown Historical society.—Boston Transcript.

To Rid the House of Black Ants.

You may exterminate black ants by first keeping out of their reach all sweets. Stand your cake and sugar boxes in a pan of water, then around the shelves put either lavender, ground cloves, or, better, camphor.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Exchanging Compliments.

"I see that you are your own washerwoman," said Mrs. Spitely, who was leading her poodle past the place.

"Yes," retorted Mrs. Snaply. "But, thank goodness, I'm not reduced to playing nursegirl for a dog."—Detroit Free Press.

There are a great many spiders, especially among the tropical varieties, which have three eyes, one on each side of the head and the third exactly in the center of the "forehead." This middle or third eye is always the largest.

The book of Job, written about 1520 B. C., describes very accurately several processes of smelting metals.

Trying to be witty is like trying to be pretty.—Fliegende Blatter.

A PUZZLING PARIS HOUSE.

It Has Two Spiral Stairways Which Look Like One at Times.

One of the greatest curiosities of Paris is the house with the double staircase. It does not figure in the guidebook and is not among the places of interest that are photographed, but, for all that, it is of greater interest than many of the things that come within this class.

This house has entrances at 35 Rue Radzivill and at 18 Rue de Valois. It is in the quarter of the Palais Royal—that palace now given up largely to restaurants and cheap jewelry shops, and once the residence of the most licentious of French princes, the regent d'Orleans. The quarter is one of the most central in Paris, and all Americans who have been in Paris know it, but the house, which is a few steps from the Palais Royal, the Rue de Rivoli and the Louvre, escapes general attention because it faces on dark and narrow streets.

Each staircase begins on opposite sides of the central space of the house and is continued separate right up to the roof. They are in a graceful spiral form. The house is nine stories high, a very considerable height for one so old. As you look up the wall you can hardly realize that there is more than one stairway.

The result of this arrangement is that one stairway takes you to the first floor apartment on the right, the second floor on the left, and so on. The other stairway takes you to the first floor on the left, the second floor on the right, and so on. You must be very careful to choose the right stairway when you are going to an apartment, otherwise you may mount as far as the sixth floor and find yourself on the wrong side of the house. It is just as well then to go to the top and come down by the other stairway.

It is difficult to describe the puzzling effect of this contrivance on those who see it for the first time. No more ingenious contrivance for exciting profanity and causing confusion was ever designed by architect. The beauty lies in its simplicity, which gives it an advantage over secret doors and such laborious devices.

It is a favorite trick with those who know the house to take moderately intoxicated friends to see it. The man who knows tells his friend to go up stairs. Then he goes up himself by the opposite stairway. When he has gone up about two stories, he leans over the balustrade and tells his friend to join him. The inebriate endeavors to do so, running up and down stairs, but never able to catch the other.—New York Journal.

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TO HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS, S. C.

The Lithia Water at these Springs is noted for its curative qualities for torpid liver, skin eruption, scrofulous diseases, kidney and bladder troubles of every kind, rheumatism and gout. The atmosphere all through the summer is delightful, and the most fastidious can hardly fail to be satisfied with the even balmy climate. Large pools have been provided for bathing, together with dancing pavilion, tennis court, bowling alleys, croquet grounds, etc., for the amusement of the pleasure-seeker and invalid.

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ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of Business July 23rd, 1897, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$515,414 39	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	397 45	Surplus	55,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	55,000 00	Undivided profits	14,438 09— 69,438 09
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	49,500 00
Due from other Banks	127,351 54	Total Deposits	326,457 29
Cash on hand	63,091 94—190,443 48		
Total	$770,895 32	Total	$770,895 32

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	July 23rd, '96.	July 23rd, '97
Deposits	$449,000	$526,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,800	69,400
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum.
Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jy 28 tf

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 402.
Leave Wilmington	*9 30 p m	.....
Leave Lumberton	5 56 p m	.....
Leave Maxton	6 11 p m	.....
Leave Laurinburg	6 28 p m	.....
Arrive Hamlet	6 55 p m	.....
Leave Hamlet	7 15 p m	*6 10pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 23am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 26am
Arrive Monroe	9 13 p m	6 48am
Leave Monroe	9 30 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 35 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly	.....	9 20am
Arrive Lincolnton	.....	10 30am
Arrive Shelby	.....	11 18pm
Arrive Ellenboro	.....	11 58pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	.....	12 30pm
†6 40 a m Leave Hamlet		Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive Cheraw		Leave †6 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 403.
Leave Rutherfordton	.....	*4 30pm
Leave Ellenboro	.....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	.....	5 55pm
Leave Lincolnton	.....	6 30pm
Leave Mt. Holly	.....	7 50pm
Leave Charlotte	*6 10 a m	8 30pm
Arrive Monroe	6 55 a m	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	7 05 a m	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 35 a m	.....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 a m	10 21pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 a m	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 a m	11 30pm
Leave Hamlet	8 50 a m	.....
Leave Laurinburg	8 46 a m	.....
Leave Maxton	9 05 a m	.....
Leave Lumberton	9 01 a m	.....
Arrive Wilmington	10 05 pm	.....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*6 15 am	*11 20pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	3 16am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 25am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 32pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*9 45 am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05 am	1 40a m
Arrive Athens	1 15 pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Time)	3 50 pm	5 20am

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

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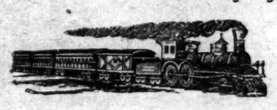

Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

12.15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Fayetteville 3.35 p. m., Sanford 5.02 p. m., Ore Hill 5.52 p. m., Greensboro 7.25 p. m., Walnut Cove 9.03 p. m., Mt. Airy 11.00 p. m. Connects with Southern Railway at Greensboro, arriving Salisbury 8.50 p. m. Asheville 10.10 a. m., Knoxville 4.00 a. m., Chattanooga 7 40 a. m. Nashville 1.35 p. m., Charlotte 10.00 p. m., Atlanta 6.10 a. m., Danville 12 00 night, Lynchburg 1.58 a. m., Charlottesville 3.35 a. m., Washington 6.42 a. m., Baltimore 8 00 a. m., Philadelphia 10.15 a. m., New York 12.43 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

4.30 P. M., Daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and all points North, South and West.

LOCAL FREIGHT TRAIN NO. 8.

Leaves Wilmington 5.45 p. m., arrives Fayetteville 11.50 p. m. Passenger coach attached to this train

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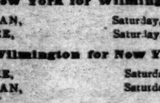

New York for Wilmington

CROATAN,	Saturday, Aug. 7
PAWNEE,	Saturday, Aug. 14

Wilmington for New York.

PAWNEE,	Saturday, Aug. 7
CROATAN,	Saturday, Aug. 14

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday, Aug. 10
PAWNEE,	Tuesday, Aug. 17

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT AUGUST 1, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.05 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.10 a m; Warsaw 11.11 a m, Goldsboro 11.55 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.16 p m, Weldon 3.29 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 2.45 a m, New York 5.53 a m, †Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m; Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.05 p m, †Tarboro 0.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.42 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY — No. 60—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 2 00 p m 3 55 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.19 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.35 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.37 a m, Augusta 8.30 a m, Macon 11.01 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.40 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 5.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.40 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.05 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.06 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.03 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.00 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 5.40 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, *Norfolk 2.30 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 6.45 a m, leave Wilson 8.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY — No. 61—Passenger—Leave Newbern 12 40 a m 9 30 a m, Jacksonville 10 45 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.20 p m, Jacksonville 3 35 p m Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8 30 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 12.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.36 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 55 a m, Greenville 8.53 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 a m and 1 00 p m, arrive Parmele

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, Aug. 14, 1897

REVIVAL IN TRADE.

INCREASED DEMAND FOR MERCHANDISE AND OTHER PRODUCTS.

Buoyancy of Feeling Among Buyers and Sellers—Higher Prices for Nearly All Products—Improvement in Crop Conditions at the South.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say: Evidences of widespread revival in demand for merchandise and other products have become so numerous as to compel general recognition. The press have, therefore, ceased discussing whether trade has really improved or not, and have begun measuring the volume of business compared with preceding periods.

A buoyancy of feeling has appeared among buyers and sellers at New York, Baltimore, Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City, where interior merchants have thronged this week, the like of which has not been seen for several years. Interior merchants are buying dry goods, clothing, shoes, groceries and fancy articles far more freely than at any time since 1892. Crop conditions have improved at the South and Southwest, and merchants there are encouraged. Southern lumber mills are not able to keep up with orders, and innumerable small consumers of iron and steel throughout the central Western States are buying raw material as they have not for years.

A nominal advance of 75c a ton for steel billets is more than a feature, as it means the confidence of makers in an early revival of the demand for iron and steel which has been so long delayed. Wheat scored an advance of 7c on continued heavy exports and a tendency to decrease estimates of the size of the domestic crop. Wool is higher on speculative holding, and cotton yarns have advanced again. Hides and Southern lumber are up, as are wheat flour, Indian corn and oats; and last, but not least, print cloths, the market for which has been so long depressed. Prices for sugar, coffee, lard and petroleum remain unchanged, while pork is almost the only important product quoted lower than last week.

There are 214 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, compared with 214 last week, 258 in the second week of August, 1896, 195 in the like period in 1895, 238 in 1894 and 209 in the like week of 1893. There are thirty-one business failures reported from the Dominion of Canada this week, against forty-one last week, thirty-five in the week a year ago and twenty-nine two years ago.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Shows Steady Improvement and Gain in Quotations in All Lines.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The dry goods market shows a steady improvement from day to day. The close of the week sees a gain in the market quotations, not only in all lines of cotton goods but in woolen goods as well. To day's report shows a well-maintained market in all staple cottons, the demand for goods at previous prices being well supported. Sellers are, however, somewhat more firm in their stand, and many offers have been refused except at advanced rates. Bleached cottons are meeting with a brisk request, and brown goods are bought in fairly heavy qualities. Print cloths are to-day without further feature. Prints are without feature except that they are steady at well sustained prices. Woolen goods in all divisions continue to attract buyers, and sales both of cheaper grades and the medium priced lines are reported to be of fair size.

ANARCHISTS ARRESTED.

Italian Police Report Discovery of an International Anarchist Plot.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 13.—A special dispatch from Milan says that three Anarchists were arrested there this morning and that the police seized a number of documents, bombs and explosives. The documents captured by the police, it is further stated, include letters from Caesario Santos, the assassin of President Carnot, and Pietro Acciarito, who attempted to assassinate King Humbert in April last.

Other arrests are expected to follow. The Italian police claim they have positive evidence of the existence of an international Anarchist plot.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending August 13.

	1897	1896
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	7,817	15 763
Total receipts to this date.....	6,694,933	5,176,865
Exports for the week	6,008	21,840
Total exports to this date.....	5,855,068	4 502,114
Stock in all United States ports.....	77,350	233,886
Stock at all interior towns.....	27,621	71 664
Stock in Liverpool...	616,000	593,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	4,000	90,000

The French West Indies have passed a law which went into effect May 11th last admitting manufactured tobacco from Algiers free of duty into the islands This will have a tendency to curtail the importation of tobacco manufactured in the United States

A Bombay telegram says the impression is growing that the Ameer of Afghanistan is conniving at if not actually assisting the tribal risings in India.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

WOODMEN OF AMERICA.

A FREE FIGHT BETWEEN RIVAL PARTISANS OF THE ORDER.

The City Marshal of Fulton, Illinois, Fatally Hurt and Many Others Injured—Railroad Track Torn Up—Some of the Rioters Arrested.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FULTON, ILL., August 13.—The long standing fight between this town and Rock Island, Ill., for location of the headquarters of the modern Woodmen of America, culminated to-day in a hand-to-hand fight between scores of partisans of the respective towns, in which a number of persons were seriously injured. The contest between the two towns dates back several years and the courts have been appealed to.

The slow process of law was not satisfactory, so they determined to take matters in their own hands. To-day a party was made up in the city by the Mississippi, and plans were made for a raid on the Fulton headquarters, with the object of forcibly taking possession of the books, records, etc., of the Order and removing the office of head clerk Hawes to Rock Island. A train was chartered, consisting of three coaches, a baggage car and two box cars, and the invaders were on their way to Fulton. The inhabitants of the latter town were forewarned, however, and made ready to give their uninvited guests a cordial reception. A fire alarm was sounded, and lines of hose were laid to the points where it was thought the Rock Islanders would be most likely to disembark.

The arrival of the special train was the signal for hostilities to begin. There was intense feeling on both sides, and a great variety of weapons, the combination resulting in the following casualities: Will Bennitt, city marshal, of Fulton; head cut and believed to be fatally hurt; W. P. Flanagan, head badly cut; James Carrier, head cut; Ed. Bare, head and arms injured; Chris. Williams, Lyons, Ia., head cut; P. H. Casey, Moline, Ill., head badly injured. A score of others were more or less bruised and cut.

The free fight lasted for an hour or more, rocks, clubs and missiles of every description being wielded industriously by the organization officers. The Fultonites finally got the better of the fight and Deputy Sheriff Farley effected the arrest of Head Attorney Johnson, of the Modern Woodmen, one of the Rock Island party, and a number of his companions. The railroad track on each side of the cars that brought the Rock Islanders was torn up by the Fultonites, the latter evidently aiming to cut off the retreat of their enemies. A large force of peace officers has been sworn in, and as the invaders, or most of them, are still in Fulton, there is great difficult in preventing a renewal of the trouble.

STRIKING MINERS.

Marches Stopped by Court Injunction—Narrow Escape from Serious Trouble—First Blood of the Strike Shed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, August 13.—Injunctions by the Court have put a stop to marches by the striking miners against the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company for a time at least. But in the execution of the injunctions the sheriff and his deputies narrowly escaped precipitating serious trouble. As it was, the first blood of the strike was shed. Henry Stewart, one of the sheriff's deputies, struck Jacob Mott, a drummer of the McDonald band, with the edge of a brass horn and cut a severe gash above his eye. The sight of the blood wrought up the 1,000 idle miners to such a pitch that a desperate conflict was imminent. The deputies were excited and noisy. The strikers were jeering and yelling, and urging a further run down the road. In that crowd there were enough angry strikers to annihilate four times the force of officers on the ground. Capt. Bellingham, Sheriff Lowry, Chief Deputy James Richards and Superintendent De Armitt were the only cool men in the assemblage. To them and to Capt. Bellingham belongs the credit of avoiding a riot. When Bellingham saw there was danger of his men getting beyond his control, he commanded a halt and addressed himself to the task of restraining the more belligerent. So well was his efforts directed that he soon had restored comparative order.

Sheriff Lowry had a difficult task to perform, but he handled it well and by his coolness and good nature did much to neutralize the bitterness and strife invited by the behavior of his subordinate. The strikers finally retired and marched back to their camp. There were several other brushes with the deputies but no actual collision.

After the miners returned to camp the officers held a conference with their attorney and he advised them to quit marching until the court had heard the argument next Monday on the bill in equity brought by the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company, as it might injure their case if they were brought up for contempt before the court.

President Dolan then issued orders that no marches should be made on any of the mines of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company until further orders, although marches may be made against other places. In place of the marching mass meetings will be held and speeches made as a means of keeping miners of the company from going to work. Two meetings will be held at Plum Creek to-morrow afternoon, at which addresses will be made by George Harris, of the central Pennsylvania field; Mrs. Jones, of Chicago; William Warner and Cameron Miller. The miners of the New York and Cleveland Company will be urged to be present.

The feature of the scene this morning was the fact that the women sympathizers, for the first time in the strike, participated in a daylight demonstration, and they, like their brethren in the cause, had the injunction read to them and were ordered to cease using the public highways for a parade ground.

There were no signs of trouble to-night. The strikers are within their camp, and while the deputies were on guard to day they had little to do.

In order to more thoroughly fortify his position Sheriff Lowry swore in twenty additional deputies to-night and dispatched them to Plum Creek.

COFFEEN, ILL., August 13.—Bradley's army of striking miners still threaten the town. No attention was paid to the sheriff's proclamation, ordering the strikers to leave the county, and the men are as defiant as ever.

Governor Black of New York has granted a requisition of the Governor of Louisiana for the custody of Juan Antonio Megan, alias Juan Martinez, arrested in New York for working the "Gold brick" game in New Orleans.

The German troops on the Demsraland African frontier have defeated the forces of the Royal chief Afrikander. The rebels lost heavily. The Germans lost Lieut Herzog and two troopers killed and a number wounded.

HEALTH MEANS a perfect condition of the whole system. Pure blood is essential to perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood and thus gives health and happiness.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic and liver medicine. Price 25c.

MERCHANTS' EXCURSIONS.

WHAT THE LOW RAILROAD RATES, GOOD FOR FIFTEEN DAYS, ARE DOING FOR NEW YORK.

Five Thousand Visiting Buyers Expected to Spend Over $35,000,000 This Week—Buyers Ordering Large Stocks.

[*Special to the Baltimore Sun.*]

NEW YORK, August 11.—The merchants from out of town are still pouring into this city to purchase their fall stocks, drawn here by the labors of the Merchants' Association. It is believed that during the week at least 5,000 of them will be in the city. Those who have heretofore made their purchases in Chicago, St. Louis and other cities have transferred their patronage to New York on account of the cheap railroad fares allowed them.

The opinion expressed by the out-of-town merchants is practically unanimous that a great wave of prosperity is rapidly approaching. The Western crops are large, and the prices, particularly those of wheat, are putting money into the pockets of the farmers.

The Southerners are convinced that the cotton crop will be an unusually fine one, and that the price will be high. The settlement of the tariff question has resulted in a renewal of confidence, and money which has been hoarded for years is now coming to the front, looking for investment. The people are buying more, and merchants who have been feeling their way in the past will now put in larger stocks. Everything indicates the return of good times in the very near future.

It is estimated that the 5 000 merchants who will visit New York this week will spend $35 000 000 for the stocks they will purchase. Their hotel bills for five days will amount to $75,000, and they will probably spend $100,000. Their payments for freight on goods purchased will amount to $350,000 and for railway fare $50,000, making a grand total of expenditures for the week of $35,475 000. The placing of this amount of money in New York at this time cannot fail to have a wonderfully good effect on the business affairs of the city.

New York merchants are wondering to themselves why they did not organize years ago, as they have done now, to bring trade here. Their success this year has taught them a lesson which they are not likely to forget in the future.

AFGHAN INTRIGUES IN INDIA.

The Ameer Reported as Ready to Lead a Revolt Against the Government.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 13.—The news of the suspected Afghan intrigues is very seriously regarded here. The English newspapers published in India had already discussed the possibility of the Ameer's complicity. It was reported some time ago that he had sent thousands of copies of his book on the Jehad, or religious war, to the native Indian regiments; while anonymous letters appeared in the Indian native press, glorifying the Turkish victories as "Islam's rising star," and declaring that the Ameer was ready to come, like the glorious Mahmud Asbuktagin of yore, to rid India of the thraldom of the Christian yoke; bidding all the faithful to be prepared, and asserting that the riots at Chitpur were really a preliminary trial of Mohammedan strength, carefully organized by the highly educated real leaders of the community.

While the authority of the Afghan Ameer over the frontier tribes is very weak, it must be remembered that the Afghan General, Ghulam Haidar, commanding at Asmar, who was in constant communication with the Mullah who led the attack on Fort Shabkadr last Saturday, is the Ameer's chief and most trusted commander, and taking into consideration the symptoms of unrest near Peshawar since the attack on Camp Malakand, the Indian Government will be well advised if it makes preparations to meet all eventualities.

TO FIGHT A DUEL.

Prince Henry of Orleans Challenged by the Count of Turin.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ROME, August 13.—A local newspaper says that the Count of Turin, who is understood to have challenged Prince Henry of Orleans to fight a duel, owing to criticisms of the former on the Italian army, left Italy secretly for that purpose, his departure being unknown even to the commissioner of police. It is added that the count was accompanied by the Marquis di Ginori and an aide-de-camp. Swords are reported to have been selected as the weapons to be used in the encounter.

It is said that the duel will take place to-morrow morning in the vicinity of Paris, probably at Chantilly or Fontainbleu. The conditions are severe.

The Count of Turin, it appears, left Italy without the authority of his superiors or the permission of the Minister of War.

LONDON, August 14.—The Rome correspondent of the *Daily Mail* says: "On its becoming known that the Count of Turin had left Italy to meet Prince Henry of Orleans, there was a lively interchange of telegrams between King Humbert, the Marquis di Rudini, the Italian Premier, and the Italian Embassy in Paris. It is feared that international complications may arise."

WARM WIRELETS

The total bank clearings in the United States for the past week were $1,158 670 885; per cent. increase 85 9; exclusive of New York $485 967 867, per cent. increase 17 5.

At Nasbie, Letcher county, Ky., Caleb Lane shot and killed his brother-in-law, Robert Stanley, for dogging hogs. Lane fled to Virginia, but was captured and lodged in Wise county jail.

Peter Monahan, 74 years of age, was hanged in Baltimore yesterday for the murder of his wife. The crime was committed on May 25th, 1897, and Monahan was convicted and sentenced on June 17th.

Mr. Pom Kwang Soh, President of the Privy Council of Korea, and ex Minister to the United States died at his residence in Washington, D. C., yesterday. He was 48 years old, and has been in poor health many years.

Gladstone and the Queen.

Gladstone is the one living man whose political experience stretches beyond that of the queen. His is the one figure that for a longer period than that of the queen has filled the political stage. That is a remarkable position for any public man to hold. To all others the queen represents knowledge, experience and training which none of them can possibly possess. She knows more about politics, persons, movements, routine, than any man who may be one of her advisers. She began by learning from the least of them; she ends by instructing them all. No one knows so much of the private history of men and of families, and in all her life there has been, with the exception of the Lady Flora Hastings case, of which we yet know little or nothing, no example of any mistake or indiscretion on the part of the queen. She has hated some of her advisers, distrusted some, and merely disliked others, but every one of them has testified to her perfect faithfulness to them all.—"Yoke of the Empire," by R. B. Brett.

DISPUTE WITH MOROCCO.

The Sultan Acceded to the Demands of the U. S. Government.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

TANGIER, August 13.—The special commission headed by United States Vice Consul Carleton has returned here from the city of Morocco, with the answer of the Sultan to the demands of the United States relative to the rights of American citizens in Morocco. The answer is satisfactory, and Americans will henceforth enjoy the same rights as the citizens of other countries. The Foreign Minister of Morocco and Vice Consul Carleton will now conclude the settlement of the matter in dispute. The report that the Moorish Government had proposed arbitration is untrue.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Rent—No 218 South Third street. Ten (10) Rooms. Hot water heat. All conveniences. Possession now. A. M. Waddell, Jr. au 13 1w

It don't look like it, but you would be surprised to know how many patronize the Atlantic Tea Co, since they have opened business. It is a store Wilmington has long needed. Come yourself and learn the benefits. Northeast corner Front and Market streets. au 11 tf

Ship your Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep and all kinds Produce to M. C Benson, No. 5 South Water street, for best prices and prompt returns. au 8 tf

Can be found at 13 Market street, J. J. Shepard, Proprietor. By to-day's steamer 100 Ladies' Wrappers, nice goods, black and colors. Mosquito Nets and Canopies, Piano Covers, Table Covers, White Ducks, Lawns, &c, at bargains. Come quick. au 5 tf

Wanted—High-grade man of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Bananas, Apples, Figs, Dates, Lemons, Oranges, Peanuts, Cakes and Crackers, Nuts, Candies of all kinds. These are some of the things I offer for sale. Prices sure to please. A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. je 27 tf

Wanted—High-grade woman of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. B., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. ofl

Special Bargains

—IN—

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

au 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Horsford's Powder Lower

20 Cent Size $4 50 Case
10 " " 5.00 "
5 " " 5.50 "
20 Cents Case Rebate.
5 Case Lots.

W. B. COOPER,

au 11 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT

SCHEDULE.

Leave for Southport at 9.30 a. m,
Leave for Carolina Beach at 6.00 and 9.30 a. m.; 3.00 and 5.15 p. m,
Leave Southport at 12.30 p. m,
Leave Beach at 7 00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45 and 6 p. m
Fare on 5.15 Boat to pier and return 15 cents.
Leave Sunday for Carolina Beach only at 10 a. m, and 2.30 p. m.
Leave Beach at 12.30 and 6 p. m.
The Yacht Undine connects with the 8 o'clock Boat at the Pier for Southport.
jy 7 tf

The Best.

If you have not been buying

BONEY & HARPER'S

Choice White Meal.

Don't rest until you have given it a trial. YOU WILL WANT NO OTHER. au 1 tf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE FIRM OF KOONCE & CANADY HAVING this day been dissolved by mutual consent, this is to notify our patrons that the business heretofore conducted by us will hereafter be conducted by Mr. D. F. Koonce. All persons indebted to said firm will make immediate payment to Mr. Koonce, and all to whom the said firm is indebted will present their bills to him for payment.

KOONCE & CANADY.

Having this day sold all my interest in the firm of Koonce & Canady to Mr. Fred. Koonce, I hereby ask that our patrons extend to him the same patronage which has so liberally been bestowed upon the late firm. H. L. CANADY.

au 13 1w*

PIANOS

—BY—

SPECIAL SELECTION

DIRECT FROM THE FACTORY.

With so many showy but inferior Pianos on the market a careful selection is ALMOST A NECESSITY. We have for years past furnished hundreds of Instruments by personal selection.

The undersigned will go to New York in two weeks. You cannot only save money by direct transactions,

But Get Better Instruments.

Every Instrument we select is subject to approval. We solicit orders and correspondence. Phones, 213 Bell and 148 Inter-State.

E. VAN LAER,

au 10 tf 4.6 North Fourth Street.

Johnson & Fore,

No. 111 Market Street,

Contemplating a change in their business are offering their

Entire Elegant Stock

—OF—

DryGoods

Millinery, &c., at

ACTUAL COST

For Cash.

You can't afford to miss such an opportunity to secure

Great Bargains.

No samples given. No goods sent on approval. au 1 tf

WORTH & WORTH

OFFER FOR SALE

Best Quality, Full Weight

Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

Lard, Molasses,

MEAL, SALT, LIME, CEMENT,

Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUE.

Bagging and Ties

AT Low Prices.

au 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FOR SALE!

Machine-Made Spirit Barrels.

Made from the best thoroughly seasoned and selected

White Oak Timber.

Our experience of thirty-one years in manufacturing cooperage for the trade enables us to turn out barrels of correct gauge and guaranteed first class in every particular. Your patronage solicited.

The Geo. L. Morton Co.

y 4 1m

Liverpool and American

SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

au 10 D&W tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7.15 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.45 p. m., 6 00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m, 2.30 p. m, and 7.30 p m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m, 6.00 p. m. and 9 30 p. m.

SATURDAY SPECIAL.

Leave Wilmington at 1 00 p m, arrive at Ocean View at 1 35 p m.
Leave Ocean View at 1.45 p m, arrive at Wilmington at 2 15 p m.
This train stops only at Wrightsville, Seashore Hotel and Ocean View. jy 4 tf

"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD OR OUR SAVIOUR IN ART"

Cost over $100,000 to publish. Contains nearly 200 full-page engravings of our Saviour, by the great masters. Every picture is reproduced from some famous painting. Agents are taking from three to twenty orders per day. The book is so beautiful that when people see it they want it. "FIRST GLANCE AT THE PICTURES BROUGHT TEARS TO MY EYES," says one. "Cleared $180 first week's work with the book," says another. "Some high grade man or woman of good church standing should secure the agency here at once," says every editor. "as $600 can soon be made taking orders for it." Also a man or woman of good social position can secure position of Manager of this territory, to devote all their time to employing and drilling agents and corresponding with them. Address for full particulars A. P. T. ELDER, Publisher 275 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. au 4 tf

At the Unlucky Corner.

Gooseberries for Tarts.
Small N. C. Hams for boiling, whole.
Large N. C. Hams for slicing.
N. C. Sides and Shoulders.
Most excellent quality

Fox River Butter.

"Clover Hill" Brand Butter at the price that has proved so popular. Sale will continue until further notice.

S. W. Sanders,

Telephone No. 109. au 10 tf

J. W. Murchison.

Our Summer Goods Must Go.

"Lightning Freezers,"
Water Coolers,
Ice Shavers,
Vapor Stoves.

Will close out the balance of season's supply at very low prices to make room for the large stock of

GUNS,

Pistols and Ammunition

NOW COMING IN.

SEE MY LINE OF

STOVES AND RANGES.

THEY ARE THE BEST

AND AT

Very Low Prices.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building.

jy 25 tf Wilmington, N. C.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Claremont Summer Resort,

HICKORY, N. C.

The location is a noted health resort; chalybeate water; cool nights with mountain breezes; altitude 1200; elegant three-story brick building; twenty acre yard covered with native forest trees; a delightful resort with pure mountain air and water. Rates reasonable. Write for particulars.

S. P. HATTON, Proprietor.

je 29 26t

A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and clearance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.

je 12 2m J. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE

LEXINGTON, VA.

50th Year, State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred in course: Grad. V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in *Post Grad.*, courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at an average rate of $36 50 per month *exclusive of outfit*. New Cadets report September 1. GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent.

jy 19 19t tu th sa

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens September 23, 1897. 35th year. Mrs. H. F. LEFEBVRE, Principal. Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal. 124 and 124 W. Franklin Street, Baltimore, Md.

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NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND

Charles Street Ave., Baltimore, Md.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings, completely Equipped

jy 24 2m su we

SALEM

Academy and College, for Girls and Young Women. Best home care together with full College instruction. Specialists in Music, Art, Elocution, Languages, Commercial and Industrial studies. Institution founded in 1802. The Register shows 224 last year. New term begins Thursday, Sept. 2, 1897. Send for Catalogue to

Rev. J. H. CLEWELL, Principal.

au 8 tf Salem, North Carolina.

The State Normal and Industrial College

Greensboro, N. C.

OFFERS THE YOUNG WOMEN OF THE State thorough professional, literary, classical, scientific and industrial education. Annual expenses $90 to $130. Faculty of 25 members. More than 400 regular students. Practice school of 125 pupils for teachers. More than 250 matriculates representing every county in the State except three. Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers. To secure board in dormitories all free tuition applications must be made before August 1st. For catalogue and information, address President. CHARLES D. McIVER.

jy 18 tf

The University.

47 TEACHERS, 413 STUDENTS, (SUMMER School 158), total 549, Board $8.00 a month, three Brief Courses, three Full Courses, Law and Medical Schools and School of Pharmacy. Graduate Courses open to Women. Summer School for Teachers, Scholarships and Loans for the Needy. Address, PRESIDENT ALDERMAN, Chapel Hill, N. C.

je 8 tf

NORTH CAROLINA

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS,

Will Open Sept. 9th, 1897.

Thorough academic, scientific and technical courses. Experienced Specialists in every department.

EXPENSES PER SESSION, INCLUDING BOARD:

For County Students, ... $ 93 00
For all Other Students, ... 193.00

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RALEIGH, N. C. jy 4 tf

PEACE

Institute FOR YOUNG LADIES, RALEIGH, N. C.

Excellent buildings and beautiful grounds in a Healthful Location with splendid climate.

STANDS AT THE VERY FRONT IN FEMALE EDUCATION.

Thorough in its Courses. High in its Standard. Unsurpassed in its high moral tone and in its intellectual and social influences.

Twenty-one officers and teachers. Very reasonable prices. Send for catalogue. je 30 tf

GREENSBORO

FEMALE COLLEGE, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Fifty-second Session of this College begins Wednesday, September 8th, 1897. Advantages of College and Conservatory offered at moderate cost. A Faculty of Specialists. Amp'e Equipment. A pleasant home. Catalogue on application.

DREED PEACOCK, President.

je 19 2m

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

Respectfully,

je 30 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

GOODS WE HAVE!

MONEY WE NEED!

Bring Your Dollars and You Will Be Surprised at What You Can Get From Us

For it During the Dull Month of August.

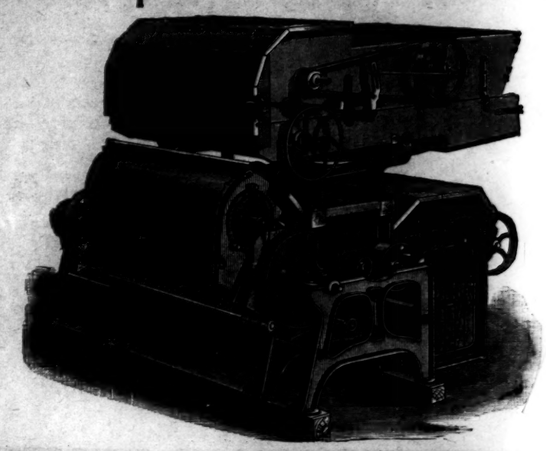
Free storage to October 1st. Special attention to mail orders.

THE SNEED CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Furniture and House Furnishings,

au 13 tf 116 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C

The Improved Brown Cotton Gin



Still Leads All Others. No Doubt About This.

If you want a Cotton Gin this season place your orders at once or you may be delayed.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Agents,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. au 11 tf

FACTS!

We Copy From the "Dry Goods Chronicle" of July 24th, the Following

High Prices for Carpets.

"And talking of carpets and carpet people, are you fully aware of what the new tariff means to the carpet buyer? Under the McKinley bill the price of carpets was 10 cents higher than they are to-day, and the new duty, as provided by the Dingley bill, on raw materials that enter into the manufacture of carpets is higher than under the McKinley bill. Naturally prices have to go up. Present prices can last only until the present stock of raw material is exhausted. The stock of carpet wool on hand is very light. The wise buyer will place his order without delay. Carpets will never be so cheap again in the next three years."

"High Prices for All Woollen Goods."

"Nothing in the future can be more absolutely assured than higher prices for Woollen goods, and though it may be unduly delayed by trade conditions, there can be no mistake made in purchases on the present basis of values."

We have LADIES, CHILDREN'S and GENTLEMEN'S WOOLLEN UNDERWEAR at last year's prices, and we believe it will be to your advantage to buy your winter supply now.

We purchased during last Spring $5,000 worth of CARPETS, and offer them until the 1st of September at last year's prices.

We have a few BLANKETS which it will pay you to examine.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

au 1 tf

Stencil Cutting.

Stencil Cutting.

We Make a Specialty of All Kinds of

TIN AND COPPER STENCILS

—FOR—

Marking Cotton,
Packing Cases,
Barrels, &c.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO

jy 23 tf

Statement of The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Condensed from Report to the Comptroller.

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1897.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$281,344 24	Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Bank Building	20,000 00	Surplus	11,500 00
Recempt on Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2,250 00	Undivided Profits	1,015 69
U. S. Bonds	10,000 00	Dividends Unpaid	330 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,437 50	Circulation	45,000 00
Stocks, Securities, etc.	4,998 00	Deposits	372,823 48
Over Drafts	82 14		
Due from Banks	34,429 14		
Cash and Reserve	128,387 15		
	$530,668 17		$530,668 17

No Interest Paid on Deposits. Loans Made at the Lowest Rates on Approved Security. Collections a Specialty, and Remitted for Promptly at Lowest Rates

JOHN S. ABMSTRONG, PRESIDENT. F. R. HAWES, CASHIER.

jy 28 tf

J. L. HILL

PRINTING COMPANY'S

Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,

Owner and Publishers,

my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

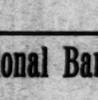
SUGAR BAG BAGGING.

25,000 yards Sugar Bags for Baling Cotton, 500 Rolls Jute Bagging, 300 Bundles Ties; 1,800 Barrels Flour, either in barrels or sacks. The sacks all sizes from 1-16 of a barrel up to half barrel sacks. And piles of other goods.

D. L. GORE,

au 7 tf 120, 122 and 124 North Water St.

For Rent.



TWO-STORY DWELLING ON North-east corner Tenth and Princess streets. Building and fencing in good condition. Good water.

Two houses, four rooms each, on Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Good water and plenty of yard room.

D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.